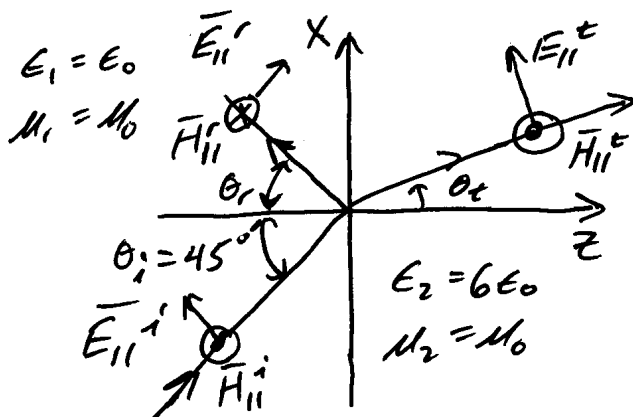


**Example-** A UPW in air ( $\epsilon_0, \mu_0, z < 0$ ) is obliquely incident on a glass half-space ( $6\epsilon_0, \mu_0, z > 0$ ) at an angle of  $45^\circ$ . The 800 MHz incident magnetic field is oriented in the y-direction and has a field strength of 0.4 mA/m at  $z = 0$ . Analyze and determine the various associated fields, power densities, and other related quantities.



$$\eta_1 = \eta_0 = \underline{376.7303 \Omega}$$

$$\beta_1 = \omega \sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0} = \frac{2\pi 800 \times 10^6}{2.9979 \times 10^8} = \underline{16.76676 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{m}}}$$

$$\eta_2 = \frac{\eta_0}{\sqrt{\epsilon_{r2}}} = \frac{376.7303}{\sqrt{6}} = \underline{153.7995 \Omega}$$

$$\beta_2 = \omega \sqrt{\mu_0 6\epsilon_0} = 2\pi (800 \times 10^6) \sqrt{4\pi \times 10^{-7} (6) 8.8541878 \times 10^{-12}}$$

$$\beta_2 = \underline{41.070007 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{m}}}$$

Per (S-24a),  $\underline{\theta_r = \theta_i = 45^\circ}$

Per (S-24b),  $\beta_1 \sin \theta_i = \beta_2 \sin \theta_t$

$$16.76676 \sin 45^\circ = 41.07 \sin \theta_t$$

$$\hookrightarrow \theta_t = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{16.76676 \sin 45^\circ}{41.07001} \right) = \sin^{-1}(0.288675)$$

$$= 16.778655^\circ \Rightarrow \underline{\theta_t = 16.7787^\circ}$$

Per (S-24c),  $\Gamma_{11}^b = \frac{-\eta_1 \cos \theta_i + \eta_2 \cos \theta_t}{\eta_1 \cos \theta_i + \eta_2 \cos \theta_t}$

$$\Gamma_{11}^b = \frac{-376.7303 \cos 45^\circ + 153.7995 \cos 16.7787^\circ}{376.7303 \cos 45^\circ + 153.7995 \cos 16.7787^\circ} = \frac{-124.432}{413.64}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^b = -0.28802$$

$$T_{11}^b = \frac{2 \eta_2 \cos \theta_i}{\eta_1 \cos \theta_i + \eta_2 \cos \theta_t} = \frac{2 (153.7995) \cos 45^\circ}{413.64}$$

$$T_{11}^b = 0.52583$$

$$\text{Per (S-20d), } H_{11}^i = \frac{E_0}{\eta_1} \Rightarrow E_0 = 376.7303 (0.4 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$E_0 = 0.150692 \text{ V/m}$$

$$(S-20b) \quad \underline{\bar{H}_{11}^i = \hat{a}_y 0.4 e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} \left(\frac{\text{mA}}{\text{m}}\right)}$$

$$(S-20a) \quad \underline{\bar{E}_{11}^i = (0.707 \hat{a}_x - 0.707 \hat{a}_z) 0.1507 e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} \left(\frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}\right)}$$

$$(S-21a) \quad \bar{E}_{11}^r = (0.707 \hat{a}_x + 0.707 \hat{a}_z) 0.1507 (-0.288) e^{-j16.767(0.707x - 0.707z)}$$

$$\underline{\bar{E}_{11}^r = (0.707 \hat{a}_x + 0.707 \hat{a}_z) (-43.402) e^{-j16.767(0.707x - 0.707z)} \left(\frac{\text{mV}}{\text{m}}\right)}$$

$$(S-21b) \quad \bar{H}_{11}^r = -\hat{a}_y \frac{43.402 \times 10^{-3}}{376.7307} e^{-j16.767(0.707x - 0.707z)}$$

$$\underline{\bar{H}_{11}^r = +\hat{a}_y 0.1152 e^{-j16.767(0.707x - 0.707z)} \left(\frac{\text{mA}}{\text{m}}\right)}$$

$$(S-22a) \quad \bar{E}_{11}^t = (\hat{a}_x \cos 16.779^\circ - \hat{a}_z \sin 16.779^\circ) (0.526)(0.1507) e^{-j41.07(x \sin 16.8^\circ + z \cos 16.8^\circ)}$$

$$\bar{E}_{11}^t = (0.9574 \hat{a}_x - 0.2887 \hat{a}_z) (79.268) e^{-j41.07(0.2887x + 0.9574z)} \left( \frac{mV}{m} \right)$$


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$$(S-22b) \quad \bar{H}_{11}^t = \hat{a}_y \frac{0.52583(0.150692)}{153.7995} e^{-j41.07(0.2887x + 0.9574z)}$$

$$\bar{H}_{11}^t = \hat{a}_y 0.5152 e^{-41.07(0.2887x + 0.9574z)} \left( \frac{mA}{m} \right)$$


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$$(S-26a) \quad \Gamma_{11}(z) = \Gamma_{11}^b e^{j2\beta_1 z \cos \theta_1}$$

$$= -0.28802 e^{j2(16.76676) \cos 45^\circ z}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}(z) = -0.28802 e^{j23.7118z} \quad z \leq 0$$


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$$(S-26) \quad \bar{E}_{11}' = \hat{a}_x \cos 45^\circ (0.1507) e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} [1 + \Gamma_{11}(z)]$$

$$- \hat{a}_z \sin 45^\circ (0.1507) e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} [1 - \Gamma_{11}(z)]$$

$$\bar{E}_{11}' = \hat{a}_x 0.10656 e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} [1 + \Gamma_{11}(z)]$$

$$- \hat{a}_z 0.10656 e^{-j16.767(0.707x + 0.707z)} [1 - \Gamma_{11}(z)] \left( \frac{V}{m} \right)$$

$$z \leq 0$$


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