

# EE 483L/583L Antennas for Wireless Communications

## Spring 2026 Laboratory 1- Antenna Pattern Plotting

### Background

For this lab, you will calculate some quantities and plot some antenna patterns for a small loop antenna.

### Project

A small, thin-wire, circular loop antenna in free space, centered on origin on the  $x$ - $y$  plane, has far-field electric and magnetic fields given by

$$\bar{E} = \hat{a}_\phi \eta_0 \frac{\pi S I_0 \sin(\theta)}{\lambda^2} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r} \quad \text{and} \quad \bar{H} = -\hat{a}_\theta \frac{\pi S I_0 \sin(\theta)}{\lambda^2} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r}$$

where  $S$  is the surface area of the loop and  $I_0$  is the input current. Assuming the loop is lossless, has an input current of  $20\angle0^\circ$  A, and a radius of  $a = \lambda/50$ :

- 1) Find functions for  $\bar{E}$  (V/m) and  $\bar{H}$  (A/m) in terms of  $k$ ,  $r$ , and  $\theta$ .
- 2) At  $r = 10$  m, find a function for the magnitude of the electric field  $|\bar{E}|$ . Also, find maximum  $|\bar{E}|$  (V/m and dBVm).
- 3) Plot polar radiation patterns for  $|\bar{E}|$  (V/m and dBVm w/ 10 to -20 dBVm scale) at  $r = 10$  m.
- 4) Plot normalized polar radiation patterns for  $|\bar{E}|$  (unitless and dB w/ 0 to -30 dB scale).
- 5) Find function for the time-average Poynting vector  $\bar{W}_{\text{rad}}$  (W/m<sup>2</sup>). Find time-average power  $P_{\text{loop}}$  radiated by this antenna.
- 6) Find function for the radiation intensity  $U_{\text{loop}}$  of the antenna. Also, find maximum radiation intensity  $U_{\text{loop},\text{max}}$  (W/Sr and dBW).
- 7) Plot polar radiation patterns for  $U_{\text{loop}}$  (W/Sr and dBW w/ 5 to -25 dBW scale).
- 8) Plot normalized polar radiation patterns for the  $U_{\text{loop}}$  (unitless and dB w/ 0 to -30 dB scale).
- 9) Find function for the directivity  $D_{\text{loop}}$  of the antenna. Also, find maximum directivity  $D_{\text{loop},\text{max}}$  (unitless and dBi).
- 10) Plot polar radiation patterns for the  $D_{\text{loop}}$  (unitless and dBi w/ 5 to -25 dB scale).
- 11) Plot normalized polar radiation patterns for  $D_{\text{loop}}$  (unitless and dB w/ 0 to -30 dB scale).

### Conclusions

Compare and discuss the different radiation patterns. Which are similar? Which are identical?

**Short report is due Monday, February 2, 2026 at class.**

**Notes:** Put all pairs of like quantity plots on a single page. All polar radiation patterns are in the elevation plane coinciding with  $x$ - $z$  plane, i.e., plot with respect to  $\theta$  when  $\phi = 0$  and  $180^\circ$  (want plots to be symmetric about  $\theta = 0$  or  $z$ -axis). Orient all polar plots to **put  $\theta = 0$  at top**.

### Hints:

- Consider what the MATLAB command ‘view([90 -90])’ does to a polar() plot.
- $U(\text{dBW}) = 10 \log_{10} [U / (1 \text{ W})]$ .  $|\bar{E}|(\text{dBVm}) = 20 \log_{10} [|\bar{E}| / (1 \text{ V/m})]$ .
- To normalize a quantity not in dB, find maximum value. Then, divide all values of quantity by maximum, e.g.,  $Q_{\text{norm}}(x) = Q(x) / Q_{\text{max}}$ . Therefore,  $Q_{\text{norm}}(x) \leq 1$  (unitless) &  $Q_{\text{norm}}(x) (\text{dB}) \leq 0$ .