

- 6.8 Design a *uniform broadside* linear array of N elements placed along the z -axis with a uniform spacing $d = \lambda/10$ between the elements. Determine the *closest integer number* of elements so that in the *elevation plane* the
- Half-power beamwidth of the array factor is approximately 60° .
 - First-null beamwidth of the array factor is 60° .

a) Per Table 6.2, $\Theta_n \approx 2 \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1.391 \lambda}{\pi N d} \right) \right]$ $\frac{\pi d}{\lambda} \ll 1$

$$\frac{\pi (\lambda/10)}{\lambda} = \frac{\pi}{10} \ll 1 \quad (\text{Kinda iffy}) \quad 60^\circ \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} = 2 \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1.391 \lambda}{\pi N (\lambda/10)} \right) \right]$$

$$\hookrightarrow \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1.391(10)}{\pi N} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{13.91}{\pi N} = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$N = \frac{2(13.91)}{\pi} = 8.855 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{N=9}}$$

b) Per Table 6.2, $\Theta_n = 2 \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\lambda}{N d} \right) \right]$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} = 2 \left[\frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\lambda}{N (\lambda/10)} \right) \right]$$

$$\hookrightarrow \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{10}{N} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{10}{N} = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \underline{\underline{N=20}}$$