

- 2.33 A uniform plane wave, of a form similar to (2-55), is traveling in the positive z -direction. Find the polarization (linear, circular, or elliptical), sense of rotation (CW or CCW), axial ratio (AR), and tilt angle τ (in degrees) when

(b) $E_x \neq E_y, \Delta\phi = \phi_y - \phi_x = 0$

In all cases, justify the answer.

- Assume $E_x = 0.5 \text{ V/m}$ and $E_y = 1 \text{ V/m}$.
- Also, write-out a time-domain equation for the electric field, plot the polarization ellipse, annotate RH/LH instead of CW/CCW, and find tilt angle wrt the $+E_y$ -axis.

$$\bar{E}(z,t) = \hat{a}_x E_x \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_x) + \hat{a}_y E_y \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_y)$$

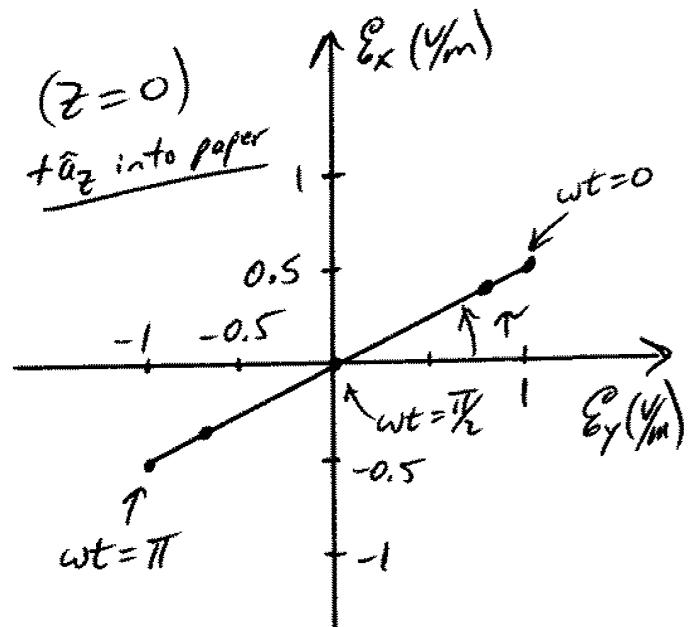
$\nearrow +z\text{-dir.}$

For simplicity, let $\phi_y = \phi_x = 0^\circ$.

$$\bar{E}(z,t) = \hat{a}_x 0.5 \cos(\omega t - kz) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t - kz) \text{ V/m}$$

Evaluate \bar{E} at $z=0$

ωt	$\bar{E} = \hat{a}_x 0.5 \cos(\omega t) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t)$
0	$0.5 \hat{a}_x + \hat{a}_y$
$\pi/4$	$0.3536 \hat{a}_x + 0.707 \hat{a}_y$
$\pi/2$	0
$3\pi/4$	$-0.3536 \hat{a}_x - 0.707 \hat{a}_y$
π	$-0.5 \hat{a}_x - \hat{a}_y$



Linear Polarization

Sense N/A

AR = ∞

Tilt angle $\tau = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.5}{1}\right) = 26.565^\circ$

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$$(c) E_x = E_y, \Delta\phi = \phi_y - \phi_x = \pi/2$$

In all cases, justify the answer.

- Assume $E_x = E_y = 1 \text{ V/m}$.
- Also, write-out a time-domain equation for the electric field, plot the polarization ellipse, annotate RH/LH instead of CW/CCW, and find tilt angle wrt the $+E_y$ -axis.

$$\bar{E} = \hat{a}_x E_x \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_x) + \hat{a}_y E_y \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_y)$$

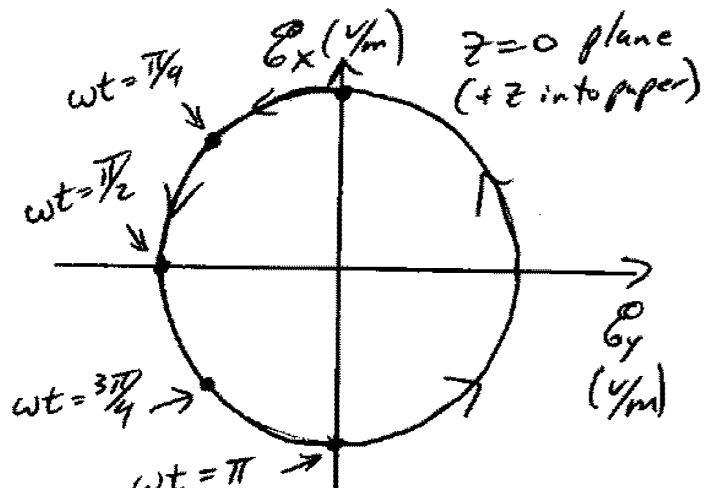
$$\text{let } E_x = E_y = 1 \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}, \phi_x = 0, \phi_y = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\bar{E} = \hat{a}_x \cos(\omega t - kz) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t - kz + \frac{\pi}{2}) \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}$$

Evaluate \bar{E} vs ωt @ $z=0$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{E} = \hat{a}_x \cos(\omega t) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}) \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}$$

ωt	\bar{E}
0	\hat{a}_x
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$0.707 \hat{a}_x - 0.707 \hat{a}_y$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$-\hat{a}_y$
$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	$-0.707 \hat{a}_x - 0.707 \hat{a}_y$
π	$-\hat{a}_x$
⋮	⋮



LH Circular Polarization

$$\underline{AR = \frac{1}{1} = 1}$$

$$(2-68) \tau = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{2E_x E_y}{E_x^2 - E_y^2} \cos(\Delta\phi) \right] = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

→ Really is undefined for Circular polarization

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$$(f) E_x = E_y, \Delta\phi = \phi_y - \phi_x = -\pi/4$$

In all cases, justify the answer.

- Assume $E_x = E_y = 1$ V/m.
- Also, write-out a time-domain equation for the electric field, plot the polarization ellipse, annotate RH/LH instead of CW/CCW, and find tilt angle wrt the $+E_y$ -axis.

$$\bar{E} = \hat{a}_x E_x \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_x) + \hat{a}_y E_y \cos(\omega t - kz + \phi_y)$$

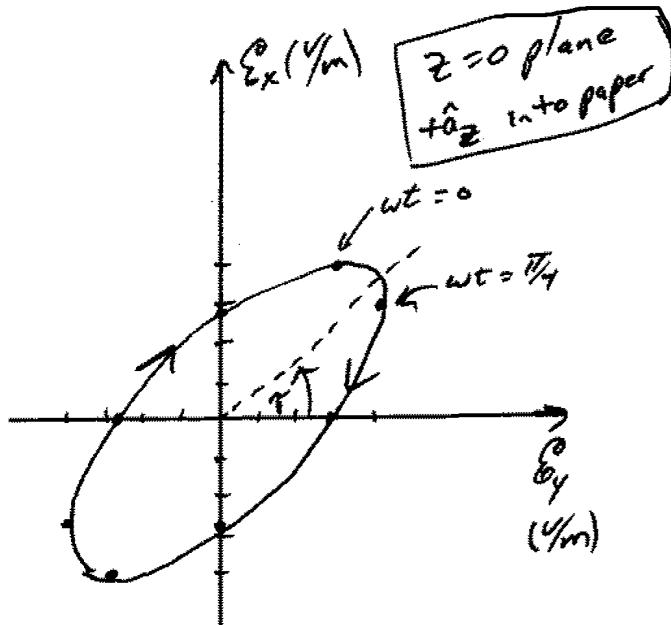
$$\text{let } E_x = E_y = 1 \text{ V/m}, \phi_x = 0, \phi_y = -\pi/4$$

$$\underline{\bar{E}(z,t) = \hat{a}_x \cos(\omega t - kz) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t - kz - \pi/4) \text{ (V/m)}}$$

choose $z = 0$ plane

$$\bar{E}(0,t) = \hat{a}_x \cos(\omega t) + \hat{a}_y \cos(\omega t - \pi/4) \text{ (V/m)}$$

ωt (rad)	E_x (V/m)	E_y (V/m)
0	1	0.707
$\pi/4$	0.707	1
$\pi/2$	0	0.707
$3\pi/4$	-0.707	0
π	-1	-0.707
$5\pi/4$	-0.707	-1
$3\pi/2$	0	-0.707
$7\pi/4$	0.707	0



RH Elliptical Polarization

$$AR = \frac{\text{major axis}}{\text{minor axis}} = \frac{1.30656}{0.541196} = \underline{2.414} \quad (\text{use 2-66} \leftrightarrow \text{2-67})$$

tilt angle = $\tau = 45^\circ$ (by inspection or 2-68)