

For a circuit operating at 100 MHz, design and sketch a single series inductor matching network for a load $Z_L = 100 + j150 \Omega$ connected to a lossless transmission line (250Ω , 2×10^8 m/s). Use Smith chart solution method.

→ Calculate $y_L = \frac{Z_L}{Z_0} = \frac{100 + j150}{250} = 0.4 + j0.6 \text{ } \Omega^{-1}$
and plot on Smith chart.

→ Draw circle of $|r| = 0.56$ through y_L

→ Note intersections of $|r| = 0.56$ circle w/
 $r = 1$ circle as

$$y_{m1} = 1 + j1.35 \text{ } \Omega^{-1}$$

capacitive → $y_{m2} = 1 - j1.35 \text{ } \Omega^{-1}$

→ Determine distance to y_{m2} to be

$$d_{m2} = 0.3281\lambda - 0.0944\lambda = 0.2337\lambda$$

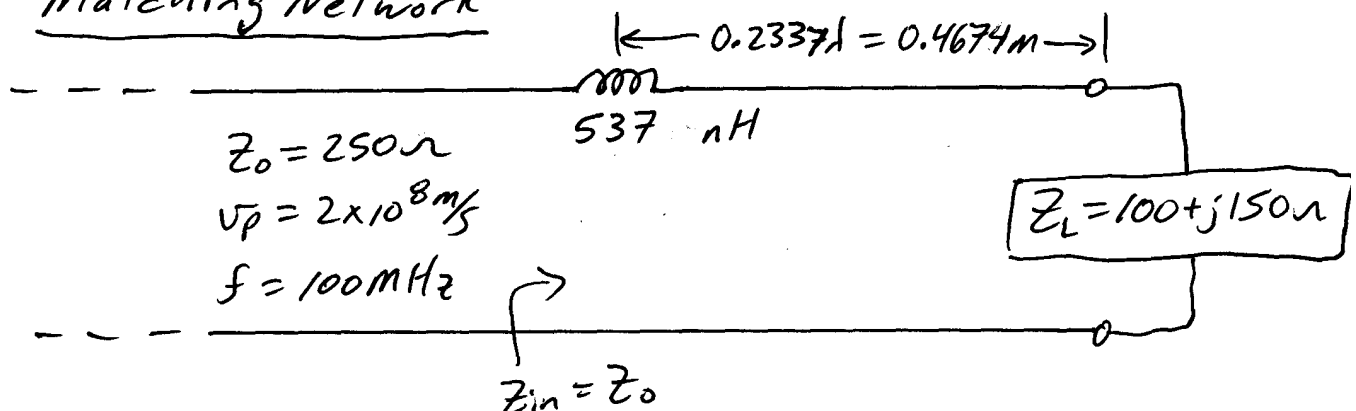
→ Determine series inductor required for match

$$j\omega L + (-j1.35)250 = 0 \Rightarrow L = \frac{1.35(250)}{2\pi(100 \times 10^6)}$$

$$L = 5.3715 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H} = 537.15 \text{ nH}$$

→ Find wavelength $\lambda = \frac{v_p}{f} = \frac{2 \times 10^8}{100 \times 10^6} = 2 \text{ m}$

Matching Network



Simple
Smith Chart

$$Z_0 = 250 \Omega$$

$$f = 100 \text{ MHz}$$

$$v_p = 2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\lambda = 2 \text{ m}$$

