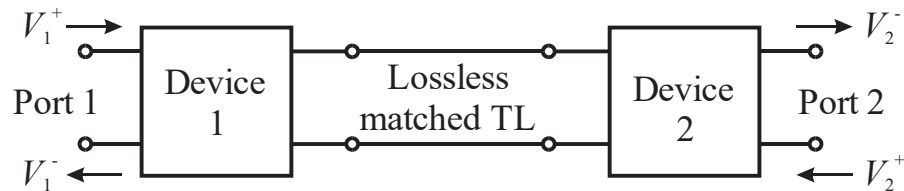


Two 2-port devices, characterized by $[S_{\text{dev1}}]$ and $[S_{\text{dev2}}]$, are connected by a lossless matched transmission line (TL) as shown. a) Find the S -parameters of the TL $[S_{\text{TL}}]$ if its electrical length is 120° . b) Create a signal flow graph (SFG) for this problem. c) Assuming port 2 is matched, use the SFG to find the transmission coefficient

$T_{21} = \frac{V_2^-}{V_1^+}$ as well as the insertion loss and phase delay from port 1 to port 2.

$$[S_{\text{dev1}}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.16\angle 30^\circ & 0.9\angle -135^\circ \\ 0.9\angle -135^\circ & 0.28\angle -25^\circ \end{bmatrix} \quad \& \quad [S_{\text{dev2}}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2\angle -30^\circ & 0.8\angle -65^\circ \\ 0.8\angle -65^\circ & 0.3\angle 20^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

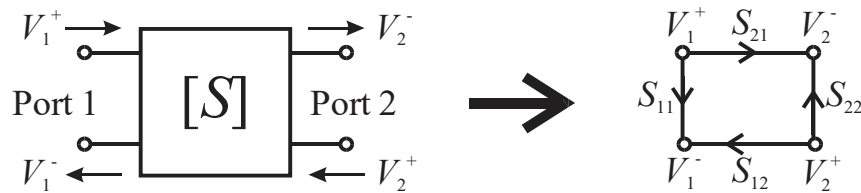


a) From earlier problem, the S -matrix for a lossless matched TL w/ electrical length $\beta\ell$ is

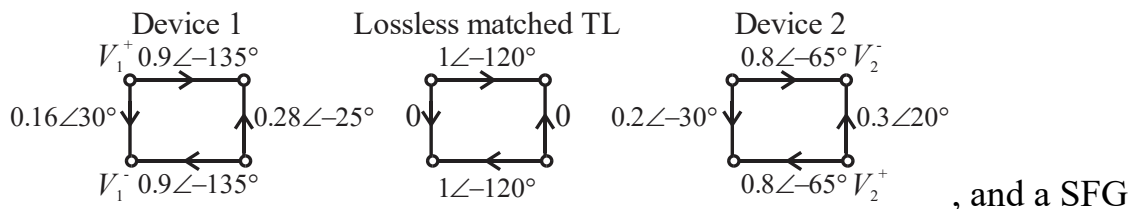
$$[S_{\text{TL}}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{-j\beta\ell} \\ e^{-j\beta\ell} & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{-j120(\pi/180)} \\ e^{-j120(\pi/180)} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$[S_{\text{TL}}] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -0.5 - j0.866 \\ -0.5 - j0.866 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1\angle -120^\circ \\ 1\angle -120^\circ & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

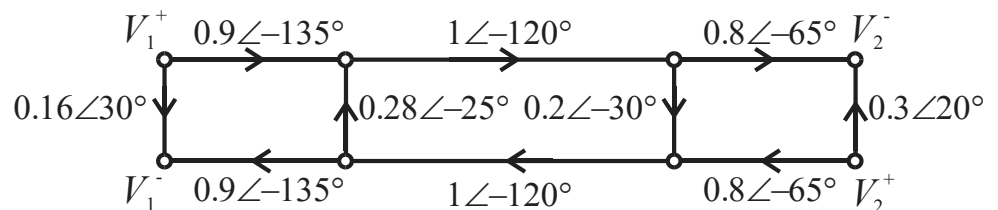
b) Per Fig 4.14, we can get the SFG for two-port devices in terms of the S -parameters as



Then, we get for our three devices-

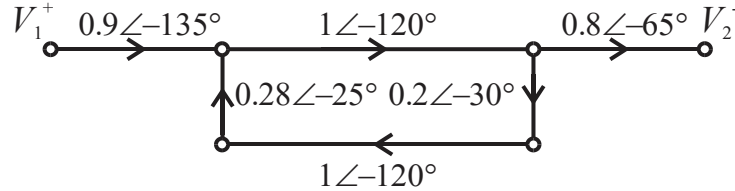


, and a SFG

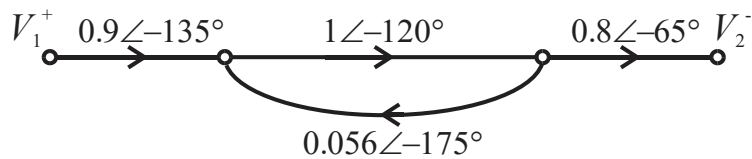


c)

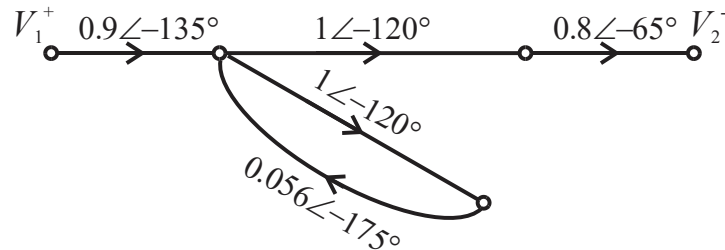
Step 1 'port 2 is matched' $\Rightarrow V_2^- = 0$. For $T_{21} = \frac{V_2^-}{V_1^+}$, the node V_1^- is a dead end and can be omitted. This simplifies the SFG to



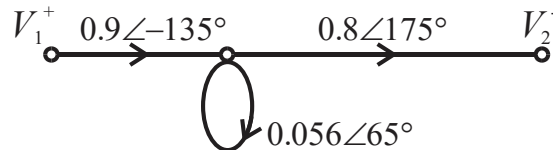
Step 2 Use series rule on the bottom feedback loop to get



Step 3 Split the second from the right node to create a self loop



Step 4 Use series rule on the self loop and the rightmost two branches to get



Step 5 Use self loop rule to get



Step 6 Use series rule to get

$$V_2^- = \frac{0.9 \angle -135^\circ}{1 - 0.056 \angle 65^\circ} (0.8 \angle 175^\circ) V_1^+ = (0.736458633 \angle 42.9757572^\circ) V_1^+$$

$$T_{21} = \frac{V_2^-}{V_1^+} = 0.73646 \angle 42.976^\circ$$

The insertion loss is (2.52) $IL = -20 \log |T_{21}| = -20 \log 0.73646 \Rightarrow \underline{IL = 2.657 \text{ dB}}$.

From $\angle T_{21}$, the phase delay is $-42.976^\circ + 360^\circ \Rightarrow \underline{\text{phase delay}_{21} = 317.025^\circ}$.