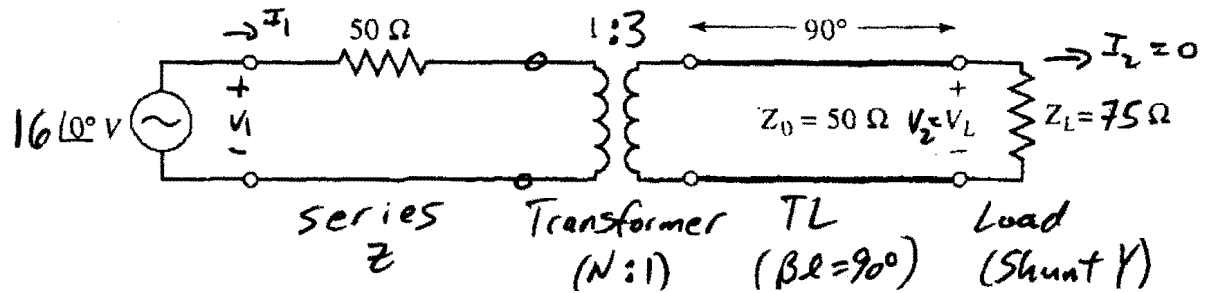


4.24 Use ABCD matrices to find the voltage V_L across the load resistor in the circuit shown below.



From Table 4.1

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{\text{ser}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & Z \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 50\Omega \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{\text{xfmr}} = \begin{bmatrix} N & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{N} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{\text{TL}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta l & j Z_0 \sin \beta l \\ j Y_0 \sin \beta l & \cos \beta l \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 90^\circ & j 50 \sin 90^\circ \\ j \frac{1}{50} \sin 90^\circ & \cos 90^\circ \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & j 50\Omega \\ j 0.02 S & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{\text{Load}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ Y & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{75} & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.01\bar{3} S & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Per (4.71),

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}_{\text{TOT}} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 50 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & j 50 \\ j 0.02 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.01\bar{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.\bar{3} & 150 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & j 50 \\ j 0.02 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.01\bar{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} j 3 & j 16.\bar{6} \\ j 0.06 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0.01\bar{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} j 3.\bar{2} & j 16.6\Omega \\ j 0.06 S & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Now, for (4.69)

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_2 = V_L \\ I_2 = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 16 \angle 0^\circ \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} j3.2 & j16.6\Omega \\ j0.065 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_L \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$16 \angle 0^\circ V = j3.2 V_L + 0 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{V_L = 4.9655 \angle -90^\circ V}}$$

Bonus: $I_1 = j0.06 V_L + 0$

$$= j0.06 (-j4.9655) \Rightarrow I_1 = 0.2979 \angle 0^\circ A$$