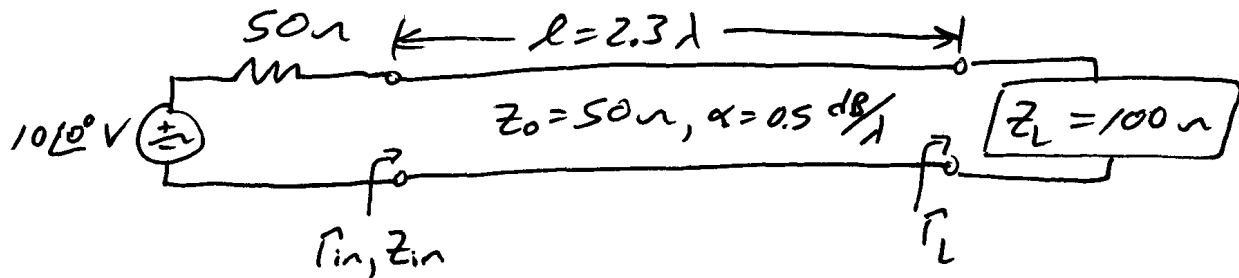


- 2.29 A  $50\ \Omega$  transmission line is matched to a  $10\text{ V}$  source and feeds a load  $Z_L = 100\ \Omega$ . If the line is  $2.3\lambda$  long and has an attenuation constant  $\alpha = 0.5\text{ dB}/\lambda$ , find the powers that are delivered by the source, lost in the line, and delivered to the load.



$$\alpha = 0.5 \frac{\text{dB}}{\lambda} \frac{1 \text{ NP}}{20 \log e \text{ dB}} = 0.05756463 \text{ NP}/\lambda$$

$$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \gamma = \alpha + j\beta = (0.057565 + j2\pi)/\lambda$$

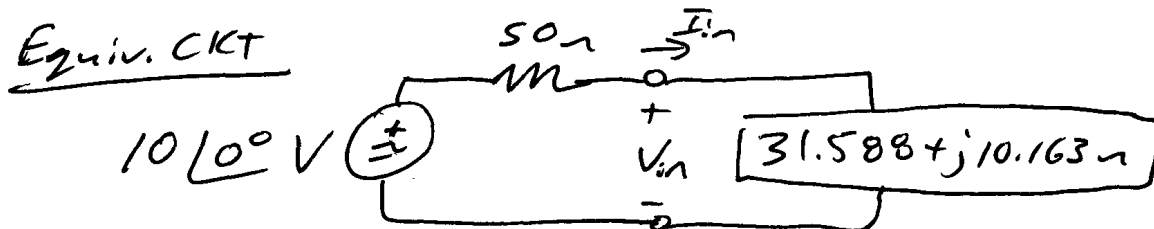
$$\Gamma_L = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} = \frac{100 - 50}{100 + 50} = 0.33$$

$$(2.90) \Gamma_{in} = \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma l} = 0.33 e^{-2 \left( \frac{0.057565 + j2\pi}{\lambda} \right) 2.3\lambda}$$

$$\Gamma_{in} = 0.2558 \angle 144^\circ$$

$$Z_{in} = Z_0 \frac{1 + \Gamma_{in}}{1 - \Gamma_{in}} = 50 \frac{1 + 0.2558 \angle 144^\circ}{1 - 0.2558 \angle 144^\circ}$$

$$= 31.588 + j10.163 \Omega$$



$$I_{in} = \frac{10 \angle 0^\circ}{50 + (31.588 + j10.163)} = 0.1216 \angle -7.1^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_{in} = 10 \angle 0^\circ \frac{31.588 + j10.163}{50 + (31.588 + j10.163)} = 4.0359 \angle 10.7347^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_o^+ = \frac{V_{in}}{e^{\gamma l} + \Gamma_L e^{-\gamma l}} = \frac{4.0359 \angle 10.7347^\circ}{e^{\frac{0.057565 + j2\pi}{\lambda} (2.3\lambda)} + 0.3 e^{-\frac{(0.057565 + j2\pi)}{\lambda} (2.3\lambda)}}$$

$$V_o^+ = 4.38 \angle -108^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P_{in} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{V_{in} I_{in}^*\} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{(4.036 \angle 10.7^\circ)(0.1216 \angle +7.1^\circ)\}$$

$$\underline{P_{in} = 0.23364 \text{ W}}$$

OR (2.92)

$$P_{in} = \frac{|V_o^+|^2}{2Z_0} [1 - |\Gamma_L|^2] e^{2\alpha l} = \frac{4.38^2}{2(50)} [1 - 0.2558^2] e^{2(0.0576)2.3}$$

$$\underline{P_{in} = 0.23364 \text{ W}} \quad \text{SAME!}$$

Per (2.89a) & (2.89b),

$$V_L = V(0) = V_o^+ [e^0 + \Gamma_L e^0] = (4.38 \angle -108^\circ) [1 + 0.33]$$

$$V_L = 5.84 \angle -108^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$I_L = \frac{V_L}{Z_L} = \frac{5.84 \angle -108^\circ}{100} = 0.0584 \angle -108^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$P_L = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{V_L I_L^*\} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{(5.84 \angle -108^\circ)(0.0584 \angle +108^\circ)\}$$

$$\underline{P_L = 0.17052 \text{ W}}$$

SAME!

OR (2.93)

$$P_L = \frac{|V_o^+|^2}{2Z_0} [1 - |\Gamma_L|^2] = \frac{4.38^2}{2(50)} [1 - 0.3^2] = \underline{0.17052 \text{ W}}$$

$$P_{loss} = P_{in} - P_L = 0.23364 - 0.17052 \Rightarrow \underline{P_{loss} = 0.06312 \text{ W}}$$

OR (2.94)

$$P_{loss} = \frac{|V_o^+|^2}{2Z_0} [(e^{2\alpha l} - 1) + |\Gamma_L|^2 (1 - e^{-2\alpha l})] \quad \nearrow \text{same}$$