

# EE 481/581 Microwave Engineering

## Quiz #7 (Fall 2025)

Name Key A

**Instructions:** Open book & notes. Place answers in given spaces and show all work for credit.

Design a lossless  $80\ \Omega$  T-junction power divider with a 4:1 power split. First, find the fraction of the input power going to ports 2 and 3, i.e.,  $P_2/P_1$  and  $P_3/P_1$ . Next, find the impedances  $Z_1$  (to port 2) and  $Z_2$  (to port 3) to achieve this split. Then, design quarter-wave transformers for the arms going to ports 2 and 3 so that the impedances are converted to  $80\ \Omega$ , i.e., find  $Z_{1t}$  (to port 2) and  $Z_{2t}$  (to port 3). Last, sketch the T-junction power divider with full labeling. You are not expected to find the arm lengths  $\lambda_1/4$  and  $\lambda_2/4$ .

$$4:1 \text{ split} \Rightarrow \text{Total is 5 parts} \Rightarrow \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{4}{5} = \underline{0.8}$$

$$\frac{P_3}{P_1} = \frac{1}{5} = \underline{0.2}$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{Z_0}{P_2/P_1} = \frac{80}{0.8} = \underline{100\ \Omega}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{Z_0}{P_3/P_1} = \frac{80}{0.2} = \underline{400\ \Omega}$$

$$\frac{1}{Z_1} + \frac{1}{Z_2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{Z_0} \quad (7.25)$$

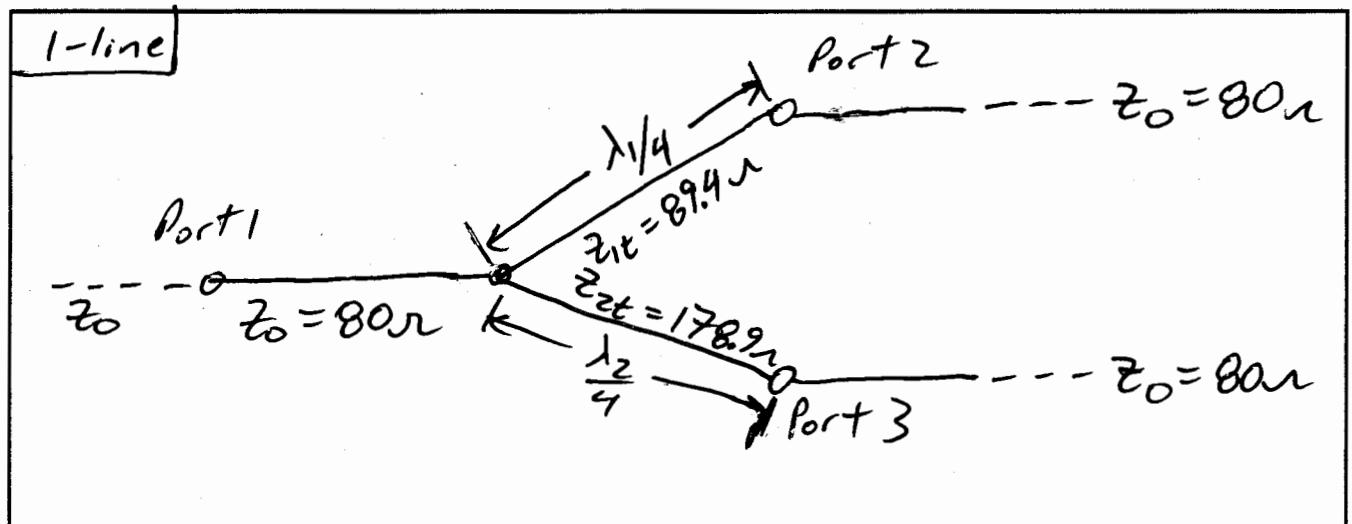
$$\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{400} = 0.0125 = \frac{1}{80} \therefore$$

$$(2.63) \quad Z_{1t} = \sqrt{Z_1 Z_0} = \sqrt{100(80)} = \underline{89.4427\ \Omega}$$

$$Z_{2t} = \sqrt{Z_2 Z_0} = \sqrt{400(80)} = \underline{178.8854\ \Omega}$$

$$P_2/P_1 = \underline{0.8} \quad P_3/P_1 = \underline{0.2}$$

$$Z_1 = \underline{100\ \Omega} \quad Z_2 = \underline{400\ \Omega} \quad Z_{1t} = \underline{89.44\ \Omega} \quad Z_{2t} = \underline{178.89\ \Omega}$$



# EE 481/581 Microwave Engineering

## Quiz #7 (Fall 2025)

Name Key B

**Instructions:** Open book & notes. Place answers in given spaces and show all work for credit.

Design a lossless  $60\ \Omega$  T-junction power divider with a 4:1 power split. First, find the fraction of the input power going to ports 2 and 3, i.e.,  $P_2/P_1$  and  $P_3/P_1$ . Next, find the impedances  $Z_1$  (to port 2) and  $Z_2$  (to port 3) to achieve this split. Then, design quarter-wave transformers for the arms going to ports 2 and 3 so that the impedances are converted to  $60\ \Omega$ , i.e., find  $Z_{1t}$  (to port 2) and  $Z_{2t}$  (to port 3). Last, sketch the T-junction power divider with full labeling. You are not expected to find the arm lengths  $\lambda_1/4$  and  $\lambda_2/4$ .

$$4:1 \text{ split} \Rightarrow \text{Total is 5 parts} \Rightarrow P_2/P_1 = \frac{4}{5} = \underline{0.8}$$

$$P_3/P_1 = \frac{1}{5} = \underline{0.2}$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{Z_0}{P_2/P_1} = \frac{60}{0.8} = \underline{75\ \Omega}$$

$$\frac{1}{Z_1} + \frac{1}{Z_2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{Z_0} \quad (7.25)$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{Z_0}{P_3/P_1} = \frac{60}{0.2} = \underline{300\ \Omega}$$

$$\frac{1}{75} + \frac{1}{300} = 0.01\bar{6} = \frac{1}{60} \therefore$$

$$(2.63) \quad Z_{1t} = \sqrt{Z_1 Z_0} = \sqrt{75(60)} = \underline{67.082\ \Omega}$$

$$Z_{2t} = \sqrt{Z_2 Z_0} = \sqrt{300(60)} = \underline{134.164\ \Omega}$$

$$P_2/P_1 = \underline{0.8} \quad P_3/P_1 = \underline{0.2}$$

$$Z_1 = \underline{75\ \Omega} \quad Z_2 = \underline{300\ \Omega} \quad Z_{1t} = \underline{67.08\ \Omega} \quad Z_{2t} = \underline{134.16\ \Omega}$$

