

A load of $Z_L = 420 + j600 \Omega$ is connected to a 300Ω , $12 \text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$, 500 MHz , sinusoidal generator by a 1 m long, lossless ($u = 2.1 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$, $Z_0 = 300 \Omega$) twin-lead, transmission line. With no matching, how much power is delivered to the load? Match the load to the generator by placing a single discrete capacitor in parallel with the transmission line as close to the load as possible. Sketch the resulting circuit with all relevant values. How much power is delivered to the load after matching?

$$\lambda = \frac{u}{f} = \frac{2.1 \times 10^8}{500 \times 10^6} = \underline{0.42 \text{ m}}$$

$$\rightarrow \eta_L = \frac{Z_L}{Z_0} = \frac{420 + j600 \Omega}{300 \Omega} = 1.4 + j2 \text{ } \frac{\Omega}{\Omega} \quad \text{plot on Smith Chart}$$

No Match

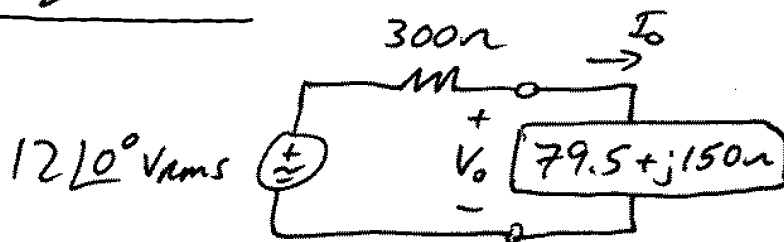
$$\rightarrow \frac{l}{\lambda} = \frac{1 \text{ m}}{0.42 \text{ m}} = 2.38095 \rightarrow 0.38095$$

\rightarrow move $\frac{l}{\lambda}$ from η_L to $\eta_{\text{in, NM}}$ (toward generator)
 \nwarrow No Match

$$\rightarrow \text{read } \eta_{\text{in, NM}} = 0.265 + j0.5 \text{ } \frac{\Omega}{\Omega}$$

$$Z_{\text{in, NM}} = \eta_{\text{in, NM}} Z_0 = 79.5 + j150 \Omega$$

Equiv. Ckt.



$$I_0 = \frac{12 \angle 0^\circ}{300 + (79.5 + j150)}$$

$$= 0.0294068 \angle -21.57^\circ \text{ A}_{\text{RMS}}$$

$$V_0 = 12 \angle 0^\circ \frac{79.5 + j150}{300 + (79.5 + j150)}$$

$$= 4.99225 \angle 40.5096^\circ \text{ V}_{\text{RMS}}$$

No Match cont.

No factor of $\frac{1}{2}$

$$P_{in, nm} = P_{L, nm} = \operatorname{Re}\{V_o I_o^*\}$$

$$= \operatorname{Re}\{(4.992 \angle 40.51^\circ)(0.02941 \angle +21.57^\circ)\}$$

$$P_{in, nm} = 0.06874 \text{ W} = 68.74 \text{ mW}$$

Matching

0.1564 m

→ Move $l_{m2} = 0.3184 \lambda + 0.054 \lambda = \underline{0.3724 \lambda}$ toward the generator
from $y_L = \frac{1}{z_L} = 0.235 - j0.336 \text{ S}$ to

$$y_{m2} = 1 - j1.72 \text{ S} \quad (\text{Inductive Susceptance})$$

→ For $y_{in} = y_{m2} + y_{cap} = 1$

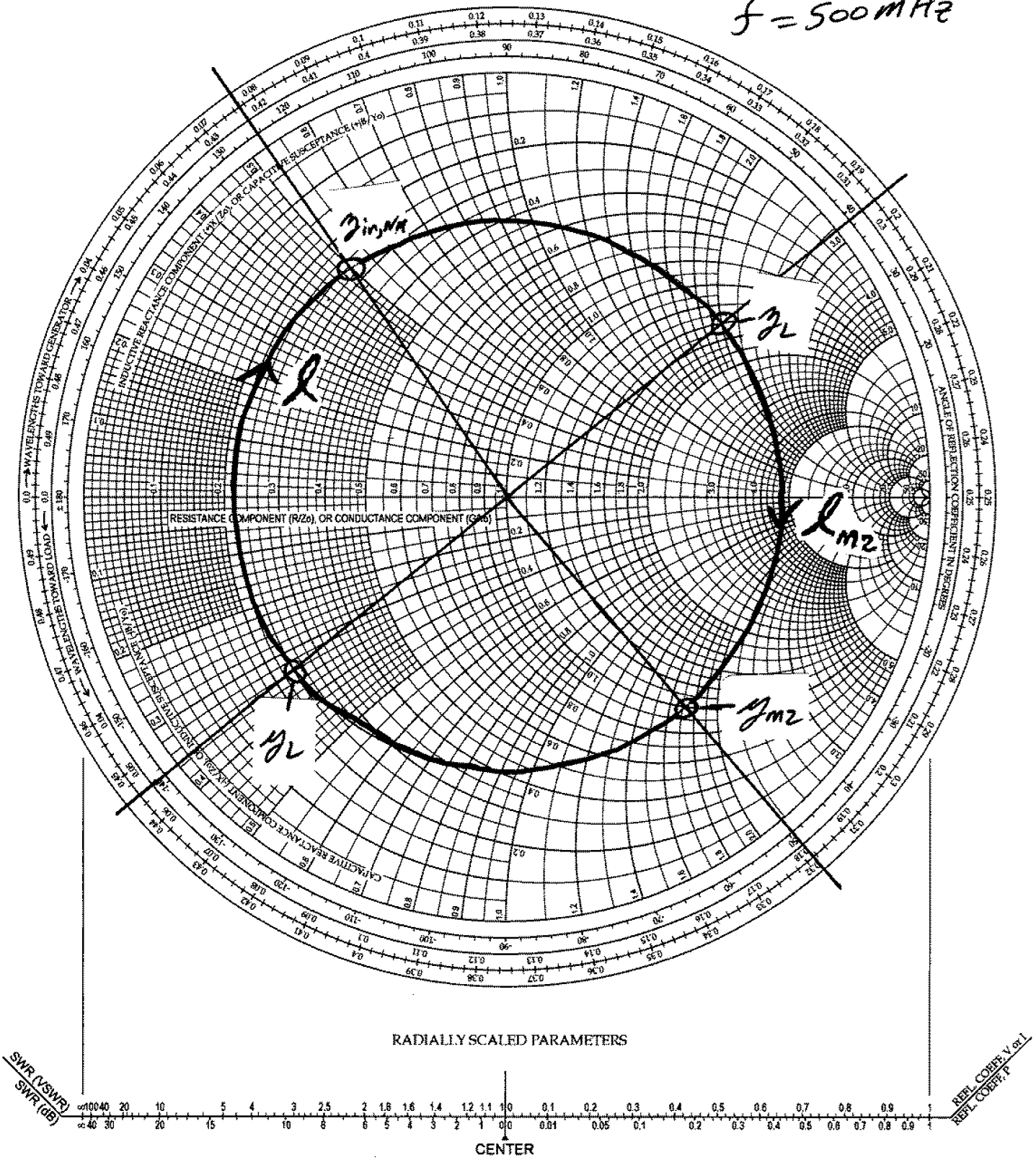
$$y_{cap} = +j1.72 \text{ S} \rightarrow Y_{cap} = \frac{y_{cap}}{Z_0}$$

$$j\omega C_{cap} = +j5.73 \text{ mS}$$

$$C_{cap} = \frac{5.73 \times 10^{-3}}{2\pi(500 \times 10^6)} = \underline{1.825 \text{ pF}}$$

Simple Smith Chart

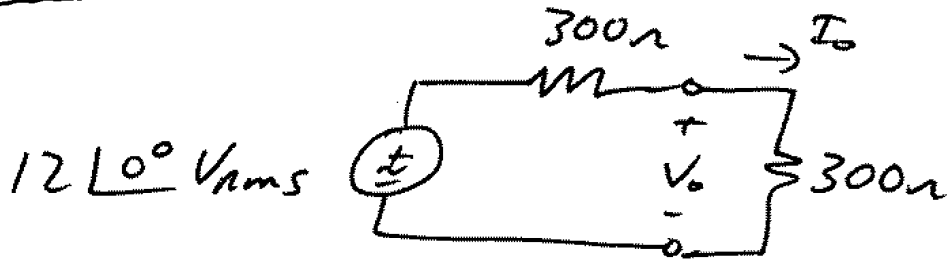
$Z_0 = 300 \Omega$
 $u = 2.1 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
 $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$



Matching Cont

w/ matching $Z_{in} = Z_0 = 300\Omega$

Equiv. CKT



$$I_0 = \frac{12\angle 0^\circ}{300 + 300} = 0.02\angle 0^\circ \text{ A}_{rms}$$

$$V_0 = 12\angle 0^\circ \frac{300}{300 + 300} = 6\angle 0^\circ \text{ V}_{rms}$$

$$P_{in,m} = \text{Re}\{V_0 I_0^*\} = 6(0.02) = 0.12 \text{ W}$$

$$\underline{\underline{P_{in,m} = 120 \text{ mW}}}$$

↗
 Nearly twice the
 power delivered to load!

