

10.41 The electric field intensity in a dielectric medium ($\mu = \mu_0$, $\epsilon = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r$) is given by

$$\mathbf{E} = 150 \cos(10^9 t + 8x) \mathbf{a}_z \text{ V/m}$$

Calculate

- The dielectric constant ϵ_r
- The intrinsic impedance
- The velocity of propagation
- The magnetic field intensity
- The Poynting vector \mathcal{P}

a) Given no $e^{\alpha x}$ term, we can assume $\sigma = 0$. For a lossless dielectric (10.43a) $\beta = \omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$. From the expression for $\bar{\mathbf{E}}$, $\omega = 10^9 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$ and $\beta = 8 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{m}}$

$$8 = 10^9 \sqrt{4\pi \times 10^{-7} (\epsilon_r) 8.9541878 \times 10^{-12}}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \underline{\underline{\epsilon_r = 5.752}}$$

b) Per (10.44), $\eta = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{5.752(8.9542 \times 10^{-12})}} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\eta = 157.08 \Omega}}$

c) Per (10.43b), $u = \frac{\omega}{\beta} = \frac{10^9}{8} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{u = 1.25 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}}$

d) Per (10.106), $\bar{\mathbf{H}} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{a}}_{12} \times \bar{\mathbf{E}}}{\eta} = \frac{-\hat{\mathbf{a}}_x \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_z 150 e^{j8x}}{157.08}$

$$= \hat{\mathbf{a}}_y 0.954927 e^{j8x} \text{ A/m}$$

$\bar{\mathcal{H}} = \text{Re}\{\bar{\mathbf{H}} e^{j10^9 t}\} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\bar{\mathcal{H}} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}_y 0.95493 \cos(10^9 t + 8x) \text{ A/m}}}$

e) Per (10.75), $\bar{\mathcal{P}} = \bar{\mathbf{E}} \times \bar{\mathcal{H}} = \hat{\mathbf{a}}_z 150 \cos(10^9 t + 8x) \times \hat{\mathbf{a}}_y 0.95493 \cos(10^9 t + 8x)$

$$\underline{\underline{\bar{\mathcal{P}} = -\hat{\mathbf{a}}_x 143.239 \cos^2(10^9 t + 8x) \text{ W/m}^2}}$$