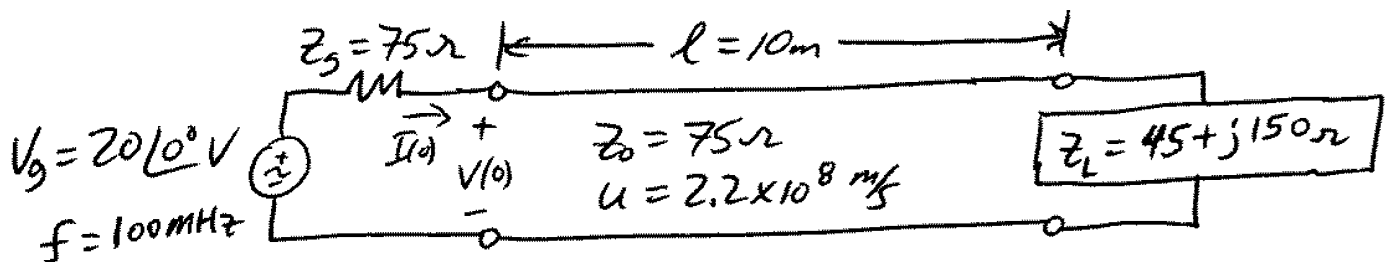


Matching load using a discrete series inductor

Using a discrete inductor placed in series w/ the transmission line, match the load to the transmission line and generator. The inductor should be placed as close to the load as possible. How much power is delivered to the load without matching? How much w/ matching?



$$\lambda = \frac{u}{f} = \frac{2.2 \times 10^8}{100 \times 10^6} = \underline{2.2 \text{ m}} \quad \frac{l}{\lambda} = \frac{10}{2.2} = 4.5454$$

$$z_L = \frac{Z_L}{Z_0} = \frac{45 + j150}{75} = 0.6 + j2 \Omega/\Omega \quad \leftarrow \text{plot on Smith Chart}$$

No Match

$$V_{\text{SWR}} = 8.8 \quad (\text{from Smith Chart})$$

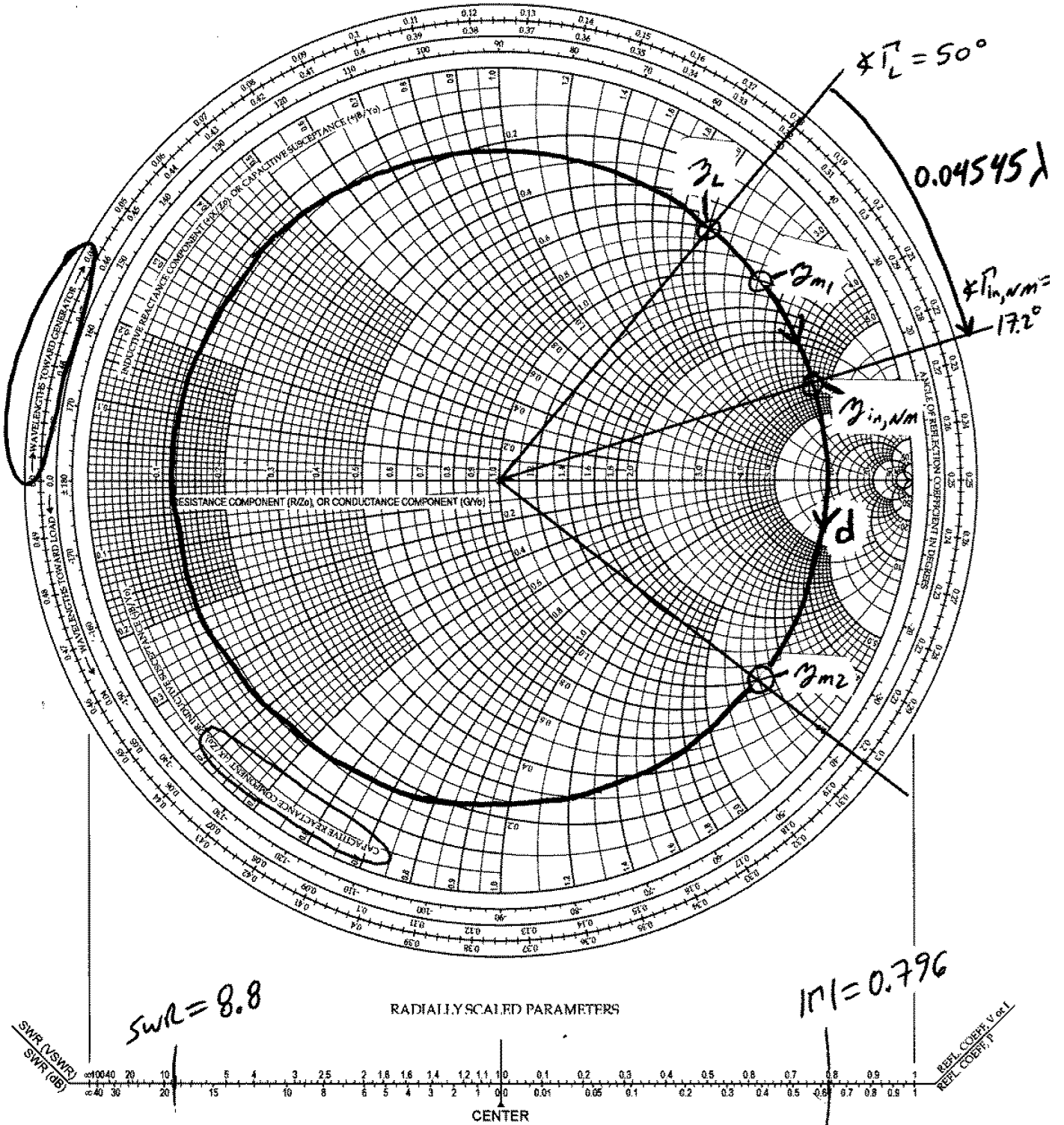
$$\text{Move } \frac{l}{\lambda} = 4.5454 \xrightarrow{-4.5} 0.04545 \quad \text{"Toward Generator" to}$$

$$z_{\text{in, NM}} = 3.2 + j4.2 \Omega/\Omega \quad (3.236 + j4.176 \Omega/\Omega \text{ analytic})$$

$$Z_{\text{in, NM}} = (3.2 + j4.2) 75 = \underline{\underline{240 + j315 \Omega}}$$

Simple Smith Chart

$Z_0 = 75 \Omega$
 $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$
 $u = 2.2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$



No Match cont.

$$\text{No Match} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} I(0) = \frac{V_g}{Z_g + Z_{in, NM}} = \frac{20 \angle 0^\circ}{75 + (240 + j315)} = \underline{0.044896 \angle -45^\circ \text{ A}} \\ V(0) = V_g \frac{Z_{in, NM}}{Z_g + Z_{in, NM}} = 20 \angle 0^\circ \frac{240 + j315}{75 + (240 + j315)} = 17.7792 \angle 7.69^\circ \text{ V} \end{array} \right.$$

$$P_{in, NM}(0) = P_{L, NM} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{V(0) I^*(0)\} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{17.8 \angle 7.7^\circ (0.045 \angle -45^\circ)\}$$

$$\underline{\underline{P_{L, NM} = 0.242 \text{ W}}}$$

Matching

The match points are $\gamma_m = 1 \pm j2.6 \sqrt{Z_0}$.

To cancel the reactance with a series inductor $\left(+j\omega L / Z_0\right)$, choose $\gamma_{m2} = 1 - j2.6 \sqrt{Z_0}$ which is

$$\text{located } d = 0.3025 \lambda - 0.1805 \lambda = \underline{\underline{0.122 \lambda}} = \underline{\underline{0.2684 \text{ m}}}$$

from the load.

$$\text{Let } \gamma_{m2} + \gamma_{ind} = (1 - j2.6) + \frac{j\omega L}{Z_0} = 1$$

Matching cont.

$$L = \frac{2.6 Z_0}{\omega} = \frac{2.6(75)}{2\pi(100 \times 10^6)}$$

$$\underline{L = 0.31035 \mu\text{H} = 310.35 \text{ nH}}$$

matched

$$\begin{cases} I(0) = \frac{V_s}{Z_g + Z_{in,m}} = \frac{20 \angle 0^\circ}{75 + 75} = \underline{0.133 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}} \\ V(0) = V_s \frac{Z_{in,m}}{Z_g + Z_{in,m}} = 20 \angle 0^\circ \frac{75}{75 + 75} = \underline{10 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}} \end{cases}$$

$$P_{in,m}(0) = P_{L,m} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{10 \angle 0^\circ (0.133 \angle 0^\circ)\}$$

$$\underline{P_{L,m} = 0.666 \text{ W}}$$

↑ 275% of unmatched power delivered!

