

$\lambda/4$ Monopole Antenna for AM radio example

Assume the monopole operates at 920 kHz and is driven with a current of 100 A. First, find the time-average Poynting vector. Then, find the power density and how much power would flow through a 1 m by 1 m window at ground level 5 km from antenna.

$$\lambda = \frac{u}{f} = \frac{2.998 \times 10^8}{920 \times 10^3} = 325.87 \text{ m}$$

$$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = 0.01928 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{m}}$$

Using (13.19)

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{H} &= \hat{a}_\phi \frac{j I_0 e^{-j\beta r} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta)}{2\pi r \sin\theta} = \hat{a}_\phi \frac{j 100 e^{-j0.01928r} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta)}{2\pi r \sin\theta} \\ &= \hat{a}_\phi \frac{j 15.9155 e^{-j0.01928r} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta)}{r \sin\theta} \quad \left(\frac{\text{A}}{\text{m}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{E} &= \eta (\bar{H} \times \hat{a}_r) = \eta_0 (\hat{a}_\phi H_\phi \times \hat{a}_r) = \hat{a}_\theta \eta_0 H_\phi \\ &= \hat{a}_\theta 376.73 \left(\frac{j 15.9155 e^{-j0.01928r} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta)}{r \sin\theta} \right) \\ &= \hat{a}_\theta \frac{j 5995.85 e^{-j0.01928r} \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta)}{r \sin\theta} \quad \left(\frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{P}_{ave} &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\{\bar{E} \times \bar{H}^*\} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{\hat{a}_\theta \frac{j5995.85 e^{-j0.01928r}}{r \sin\theta} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta\right) \times \hat{a}_\phi \frac{-j15.9155 e^{+j0.01928r}}{r \sin\theta} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta\right)\right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{\hat{a}_r \frac{-(-1) 95,426.968 e^0 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta\right)}{r^2 \sin^2\theta}\right\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{P}_{ave} = \hat{a}_r \frac{47,713.48 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta\right)}{r^2 \sin^2\theta} \quad \left(\frac{W}{m^2}\right)$$

On ground $\Rightarrow \theta = \pi/2 = 90^\circ$ at $r = 5000m$

$$\bar{P}_{ave} = \hat{a}_r \frac{47713.48 \cos^2(0)}{5000^2 \sin^2(\pi/2)} = \hat{a}_r \underline{1.90854 \frac{mW}{m^2}}$$

$$\underline{|\bar{P}_{ave}| = \text{power density} = 1.909 \frac{mW}{m^2}}$$

$$\text{Power} = \int_{\text{Window}} |\bar{P}_{ave}| ds = |\bar{P}_{ave}| (\text{Area}) = 1.909 \frac{mW}{m^2} (1m^2)$$

$$\underline{\text{Power} = 1.909 mW}$$