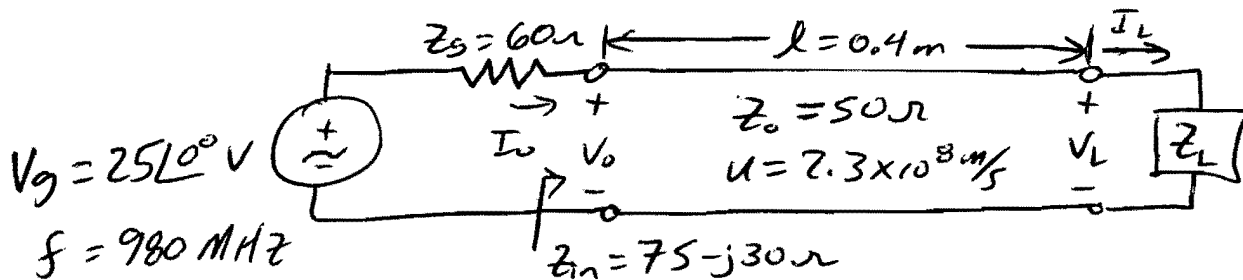


A lossless transmission line ($Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, $u = 2.3 \times 10^8$ m/s) of some length l is terminated with an unknown load Z_L . Using a vector network analyzer (VNA), an input impedance $Z_{in} = 75 - j30 \Omega$ is measured. The transmission line is connected to a generator operating at 980 MHz with a voltage $v_g(t) = 25 \cos(\omega t)$ V and impedance $Z_g = 60 \Omega$. Draw the transmission line circuit. Then, determine (a) the phase constant β & wavelength λ for the transmission line, (b) the phasor current I_0 & voltage V_0 at the input, (c) the input reflection coefficient Γ_{in} , (d) the phasor forward V_0^+ & backward V_0^- voltages, (e) the equations for the phasor current $I_s(z)$ & voltage $V_s(z)$ along the transmission line, and (f) the time-domain equations for the current $I(z,t)$ & voltage $V(z,t)$ along the transmission line.

For the previous problem, if $l = 40$ cm, determine: (a) the electrical length of the transmission line βl (degrees & radians) as well as its length in terms of wavelengths, (b) the load reflection coefficient Γ_L , (c) the load impedance Z_L , (d) SWR, and (e) the phasor load voltage V_L & current I_L .



From before $\beta = 26.772 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{m}}$, $\lambda = 0.23469 \text{ m}$

$$\Gamma_{in} = 0.3038 \angle -36.695^\circ \quad V_0 = 14.6 \angle -9.273^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_0^+ = 11.619 \angle -0.967^\circ \text{ V} \quad I_0 = 0.181 \angle 12.53^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_0^- = 3.53 \angle -37.6656^\circ \text{ V}$$

a) $\beta l = 26.772(0.4) = \underline{\underline{10.709 \text{ rad}}}$

$$= 10.709 \left(\frac{180^\circ}{\pi} \right) = \underline{\underline{613.565^\circ}}$$

$$l = 10.709 \left(\frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \right) = \underline{\underline{1.704 \lambda}}$$

$$b) \Gamma_L = \Gamma_{in} e^{+j2\beta l} = (0.3038 \angle -36.679^\circ) e^{j2(10.709)}$$

$$\Gamma_L = 0.3038 \angle 110.432^\circ$$

$$c) Z_L = Z_0 \left(\frac{1 + \Gamma_L}{1 - \Gamma_L} \right) = 50 \left[\frac{1 + 0.3038 \angle 110.432^\circ}{1 - 0.3038 \angle 110.432^\circ} \right]$$

$$Z_L = 34.795 + j21.824 \Omega$$

$$d) (11.38a) \text{ SWR} = \frac{1 + |\Gamma_L|}{1 - |\Gamma_L|}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 0.3038}{1 - 0.3038}$$

$$\text{SWR} = 1.873$$

$$e) V_L = V_S(z=l=0.4m) = V_0^+ e^{-j\beta l} [1 + \Gamma_L]$$

$$= (11.619 \angle -0.967^\circ) e^{-j26.772(0.4)} [1 + 0.3038 \angle 110.432^\circ]$$

$$V_L = 10.901 \angle 123.132^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$I_L = \frac{V_L}{Z_L} = \frac{10.901 \angle 123.132^\circ}{34.795 + j21.824} = 0.2654 \angle 91.034^\circ \text{ A}$$