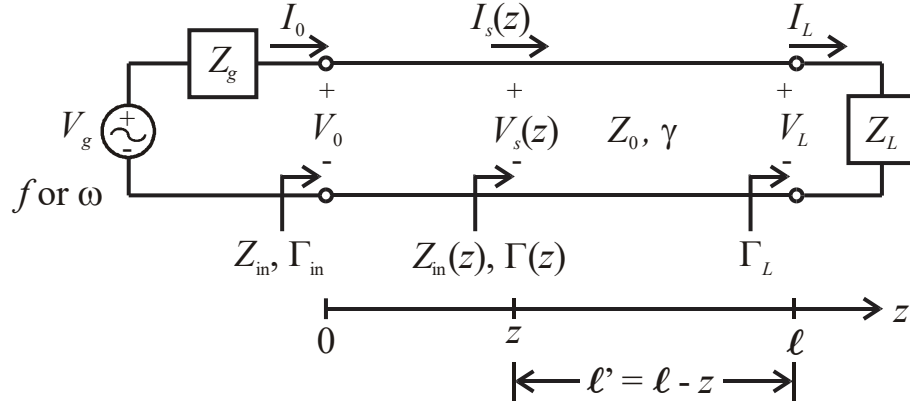


Lossy Transmission Lines (TLs)

Propagation constant (1/m): $\gamma = \sqrt{(R + j\omega L)(G + j\omega C)} = \alpha + j\beta$

Attenuation constant (np/m): $\alpha = \text{Re}(\gamma)$

Phase constant (rad/m): $\beta = \text{Im}(\gamma) = \frac{\omega}{u} = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$

Phase velocity (m/s): $u = f\lambda = \frac{\omega}{\beta}$ where f is frequency (Hz) and ω is radian frequency (rad/s).

Wavelength (m): $\lambda = \frac{u}{f} = \frac{2\pi}{\beta}$

Characteristic impedance (Ω): $Z_0 = \frac{V_0^+}{I_0^+} = \frac{-V_0^-}{I_0^-} = \sqrt{\frac{R + j\omega L}{G + j\omega C}} = \frac{R + j\omega L}{\gamma} = \frac{\gamma}{G + j\omega C} = R_0 + jX_0 = |Z_0| \angle \theta_{Z_0}$

Phasor voltage: $V_s(z) = V_0^+ e^{-\gamma z} + V_0^- e^{+\gamma z} = V_0^+ e^{-\gamma z} [1 + \Gamma(z)]$ for $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

Phasor current: $I_s(z) = I_0^+ e^{-\gamma z} + I_0^- e^{+\gamma z} = \frac{V_0^+}{Z_0} e^{-\gamma z} - \frac{V_0^-}{Z_0} e^{+\gamma z} = \frac{V_0^+}{Z_0} e^{-\gamma z} [1 - \Gamma(z)]$ for $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

where $V_0^+ = |V_0^+| \angle \theta_V^+$, $V_0^- = |V_0^-| \angle \theta_V^-$, $I_0^+ = |I_0^+| \angle \theta_I^+$, and $I_0^- = |I_0^-| \angle \theta_I^-$ are complex coefficients representing the amplitudes of the forward and backward traveling voltages and currents.

Forward and backward traveling voltages (V) and currents (A):

Note that, at the input ($z = 0$), $V_s(0) = V_0 = V_0^+ + V_0^-$ and $I_s(0) = I_0 = I_0^+ + I_0^- = \frac{V_0^+}{Z_0} - \frac{V_0^-}{Z_0}$

$V_0^+ = 0.5(V_0 + I_0 Z_0) = \frac{V_0}{1 + \Gamma(0)} = 0.5(V_L + I_L Z_0) e^{+\gamma \ell}$ and $I_0^+ = \frac{V_0^+}{Z_0}$

$V_0^- = 0.5(V_0 - I_0 Z_0) = V_0 - V_0^+ = 0.5(V_L - I_L Z_0) e^{-\gamma \ell} = V_0^+ \Gamma(0)$ and $I_0^- = \frac{-V_0^-}{Z_0}$.

Time-domain voltage: $V(z, t) = |V_0^+| e^{-\alpha z} \cos(\omega t - \beta z + \theta_V^+) + |V_0^-| e^{\alpha z} \cos(\omega t + \beta z + \theta_V^-)$ for $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

$I(z, t) = |I_0^+| e^{-\alpha z} \cos(\omega t - \beta z + \theta_I^+) + |I_0^-| e^{\alpha z} \cos(\omega t + \beta z + \theta_I^-)$

Time-domain current: $= \frac{|V_0^+|}{|Z_0|} e^{-\alpha z} \cos(\omega t - \beta z + \theta_V^+ - \theta_{Z_0}) - \frac{|V_0^-|}{|Z_0|} e^{\alpha z} \cos(\omega t + \beta z + \theta_V^- - \theta_{Z_0})$ $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

Reflection coefficient (unitless): $\Gamma(z) = \frac{V_{\text{ref}}(z)}{V_{\text{inc}}(z)} = \frac{-I_{\text{ref}}(z)}{I_{\text{inc}}(z)} = \frac{Z_{\text{in}}(z) - Z_0}{Z_{\text{in}}(z) + Z_0} = \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma(\ell-z)} = \Gamma_{\text{in}} e^{2\gamma z}$ for $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

of particular interest are: **load reflection coefficient** $\Gamma_L = \frac{V_0^-}{V_0^+} e^{+2\gamma\ell} = \Gamma(0) e^{+2\gamma\ell} = \Gamma_{\text{in}} e^{+2\gamma\ell} = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}$

and

input reflection coefficient $\Gamma_{\text{in}} = \Gamma(0) = \frac{V_0^-}{V_0^+} = \frac{Z_{\text{in}}(0) - Z_0}{Z_{\text{in}}(0) + Z_0} = \frac{Z_{\text{in}} - Z_0}{Z_{\text{in}} + Z_0} = \Gamma_L e^{-2\gamma\ell}$.

Note: $0 \leq |\Gamma(z)| \leq 1$ for passive loads and transmission lines.

Input impedance (Ω): $Z_{\text{in}}(z) = \frac{V_s(z)}{I_s(z)} = Z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \Gamma(z)}{1 - \Gamma(z)} \right] = Z_0 \left[\frac{Z_L + Z_0 \tanh[\gamma(\ell - z)]}{Z_0 + Z_L \tanh[\gamma(\ell - z)]} \right]$ for $0 \leq z \leq \ell$.

at input $z = 0$: $Z_{\text{in}}(0) = Z_{\text{in}} = \frac{V_0}{I_0} = Z_0 \left[\frac{V_0^+ + V_0^-}{V_0^+ - V_0^-} \right] = Z_0 \left[\frac{Z_L + Z_0 \tanh(\gamma\ell)}{Z_0 + Z_L \tanh(\gamma\ell)} \right] = Z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \Gamma(0)}{1 - \Gamma(0)} \right] = Z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \Gamma_{\text{in}}}{1 - \Gamma_{\text{in}}} \right]$

at load $z = \ell$: $Z_{\text{in}}(\ell) = Z_L = \frac{V_L}{I_L} = Z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \Gamma_L}{1 - \Gamma_L} \right]$

Standing wave ratio* (unitless): $SWR = S = \frac{V_{\text{max}}}{V_{\text{min}}} = \frac{I_{\text{max}}}{I_{\text{min}}} = \frac{1 + |\Gamma_L|}{1 - |\Gamma_L|}$ and $1 \leq S < \infty$ for passive loads.

[* Defined at **load** as a measure of mismatch. Really only meaningful for lossless/low loss &/or short TLs.]

Power (W):

$$P_{\text{ave}}(z) = 0.5 \operatorname{Re} \{ V_s(z) I_s^*(z) \} \quad 0 \leq z \leq \ell$$

$$= 0.5 \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} e^{-2\alpha z} \cos(\theta_{Z_0}) - 0.5 \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} e^{-2\alpha z} \cos(\theta_{Z_0}) |\Gamma(z)|^2 - \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} e^{-2\alpha z} \sin(\theta_{Z_0}) \operatorname{Im}(\Gamma(z))$$

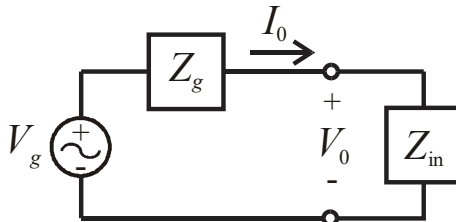
forward traveling power backward traveling power cross coupled power (usually very small)

Input Power (W): $P_{\text{ave}}(0) = P_{\text{in}} = 0.5 \operatorname{Re} \{ V_0 I_0^* \} = 0.5 \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} \cos(\theta_{Z_0}) [1 - |\Gamma_{\text{in}}|^2] - \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} \sin(\theta_{Z_0}) \operatorname{Im}(\Gamma_{\text{in}})$

Load Power (W):

$$P_{\text{ave}}(\ell) = P_L = 0.5 \operatorname{Re} \{ V_L I_L^* \} = 0.5 \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} e^{-2\alpha\ell} \cos(\theta_{Z_0}) [1 - |\Gamma_L|^2] - \frac{|V_0^+|^2}{|Z_0|} e^{-2\alpha\ell} \sin(\theta_{Z_0}) \operatorname{Im}(\Gamma_L)$$

The input phasor voltage $V_s(0) = V_0$ and current $I_s(0) = I_0$ can be found using the equivalent circuit-



where, by circuit theory, $V_0 = V_g \left(\frac{Z_{\text{in}}}{Z_g + Z_{\text{in}}} \right)$ and $I_0 = \frac{V_g}{Z_g + Z_{\text{in}}}$.