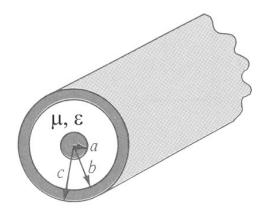
EE 381 Electric and Magnetic Fields Quiz #1 (Fall 2025)

Name KEY A

Instructions: Open book & notes. Place answers in indicated spaces and show all work for credit.

A coaxial transmission line is made with perfect electrical conductors. The center wire diameter is 5 mm and the shield diameters are 30 mm (inner) & 31 mm (outer). Between the conductors is a lossless, non-magnetic, dielectric ($\varepsilon = 4 \, \varepsilon_0$). If the transmission line is operated at 380 MHz, find the inductance and capacitance per-unit-length (L and C), phase velocity, characteristic impedance, and phase constant for this transmission line.



$$2a = 5 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow a = 2.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$2b = 30 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow b = 15 \text{ mm}$$

insulation: $\mu = \mu_0$ and $\varepsilon = 4\varepsilon_0$

From Table 11.1
$$L = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \ln(b/a) = \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{2\pi} \ln(15/2.5)$$
 \Rightarrow $\underline{L} = 3.583519 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$

$$C = \frac{2\pi \varepsilon}{\ln(b/a)} = \frac{2\pi (4)8.8541878 \times 10^{-12}}{\ln(15/2.5)} \implies \underline{C = 1.24196 \times 10^{-10} \text{ F/m}}$$

(11.21b)
$$u = 1/\sqrt{LC} = 1/\sqrt{3.583519 \times 10^{-7} (1.24196 \times 10^{-10})}$$
 $\Rightarrow u = 1.49896 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

(11.21c)
$$Z_0 = \sqrt{L/C} = \sqrt{3.583519 \times 10^{-7} / 1.24196 \times 10^{-10}}$$
 \Rightarrow $Z_0 = 53.7156 \Omega$

(11.21c)
$$\beta = \omega / u = 2\pi (380 \times 10^6) / 1.49896 \times 10^8$$
 $\Rightarrow \beta = 15.928 \text{ rad/m}$

$$L = 358.352 \text{ nH/m}$$

$$C = 124.196 \text{ pF/m}$$

phase vel. =
$$1.499 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

characteristic impedance = $\underline{53.716 \Omega}$

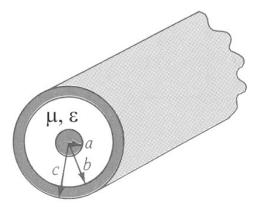
phase constant = 15.928 rad/m

EE 381 Electric and Magnetic Fields Quiz #1 (Fall 2025)

Name KEY B

Instructions: Open book & notes. Place answers in indicated spaces and show all work for credit.

A coaxial transmission line is made with perfect electrical conductors. The center wire diameter is 8 mm and the shield diameters are 35 mm (inner) & 36 mm (outer). Between the conductors is a lossless, non-magnetic, dielectric ($\varepsilon = 5 \, \varepsilon_0$). If the transmission line is operated at 480 MHz, find the inductance and capacitance per-unit-length (L and C), phase velocity, characteristic impedance, and phase constant for this transmission line.



$$2a = 8 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow a = 4 \text{ mm}$$

$$2b = 35 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow b = 17.5 \text{ mm}$$

insulation:
$$\mu = \mu_0$$
 and $\varepsilon = 5\varepsilon_0$

From Table 11.1
$$L = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \ln(b/a) = \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{2\pi} \ln(17.5/4) \implies \underline{L} = 2.9518 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

$$C = \frac{2\pi \,\varepsilon}{\ln(b/a)} = \frac{2\pi (5)8.8541878 \times 10^{-12}}{\ln(17.5/4)} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{C = 1.88469 \times 10^{-10} \text{ F/m}}$$

(11.21b)
$$u = 1/\sqrt{LC} = 1/\sqrt{2.9518 \times 10^{-7} (1.88469 \times 10^{-10})}$$
 $\Rightarrow u = 1.3407 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

(11.21c)
$$Z_0 = \sqrt{L/C} = \sqrt{2.9518 \times 10^{-7} / 1.88469 \times 10^{-10}}$$
 $\Rightarrow Z_0 = 39.5753 \Omega$

(11.21c)
$$\beta = \omega / u = 2\pi (480 \times 10^6) / 1.3407 \times 10^8$$
 $\Rightarrow \beta = 22.495 \text{ rad/m}$

$$L = 295.18 \text{ nH/m}$$

$$C = 188.47 \text{ pF/m}$$

phase vel. =
$$1.3407 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

characteristic impedance = 39.575Ω

phase constant = 22.495 rad/m