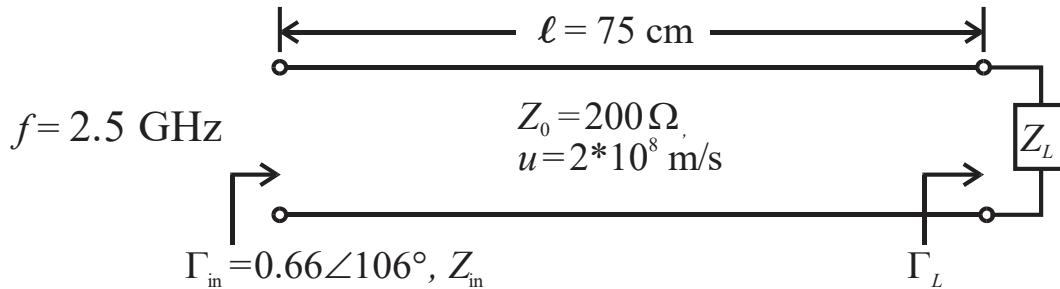


EE 381 Electric and Magnetic Fields Quiz #3 (Fall 2024)

Name KEYA

Instructions: Closed book & notes. Place answers in indicated spaces and show all work for credit.

A lossless transmission line ($200\ \Omega$, $2 \times 10^8\ \text{m/s}$) of length $75\ \text{cm}$ has a measured input reflection coefficient of $0.66\angle 106^\circ$ at $2.5\ \text{GHz}$. Calculate the wavelength. Then, using a Smith chart, find the input admittance & impedance, load reflection coefficient, load impedance, and standing wave ratio (SWR) along the transmission line. **Show and clearly label** all work on the Smith chart (this will be graded).



➤ Wavelength $\lambda = u/f = 2 \times 10^8 / 2.5 \times 10^9 \Rightarrow \underline{\lambda = 0.08\ \text{m} = 8\ \text{cm}}$.

Steps

- 1) Plot $\Gamma_{\text{in}} = 0.66\angle 106^\circ$ by drawing circle, centered on Smith chart, of radius 0.66 (use “REFL. COEFF, V or I” scale at bottom of Smith chart) and radial line from center of Smith chart to 106° on “ANGLE OF REFLECTION COEFFICIENT” scale.
- 2) Read normalized input impedance $z_{\text{in}} = 0.31 + j 0.71\ \Omega/\Omega$. Compute the input impedance $Z_{\text{in}} = Z_0 z_{\text{in}} = 200 (0.31 + j 0.71) \Rightarrow \underline{Z_{\text{in}} = 62 + j 142\ \Omega}$.
- 3) Draw arc of radius 0.66 on “SWR (VSWR)” scale. Read SWR = 4.9.
- 4) To find the normalized input admittance, go 180° around $\Gamma = 0.66$ circle and draw a radial line. Read $y_{\text{in}} = 0.53 - j 1.18\ \text{S/S}$ off Smith chart. Compute the input admittance $Y_{\text{in}} = y_{\text{in}}/Z_0 = (0.53 - j 1.18)/200 \Rightarrow \underline{Y_{\text{in}} = 2.65 - j 5.9\ \text{mS}}$.
- 5) To get to the load point, we must go $\ell/\lambda = 75/8 = 9.375 \Rightarrow 0.375 = 0.1025 + 0.2725$ in the “WAVELENGTHS TOWARD LOAD” direction along the $\Gamma = 0.66$ circle from $z_{\text{in}}/\Gamma_{\text{in}}$ point.
- 6) Read the normalized load impedance $z_L = 3.4 + j 2.2\ \Omega/\Omega$. Compute the load impedance $Z_L = Z_0 z_L = 200 (3.4 + j 2.2) \Rightarrow \underline{Z_L = 680 + j 440\ \Omega}$.
- 7) Read $\angle \Gamma_L = 16^\circ$ “ANGLE OF REFLECTION COEFFICIENT” scale. Already know that $\Gamma = 0.66$ on a lossless transmission line. $\Rightarrow \underline{\Gamma_L = 0.66\angle 16^\circ}$.

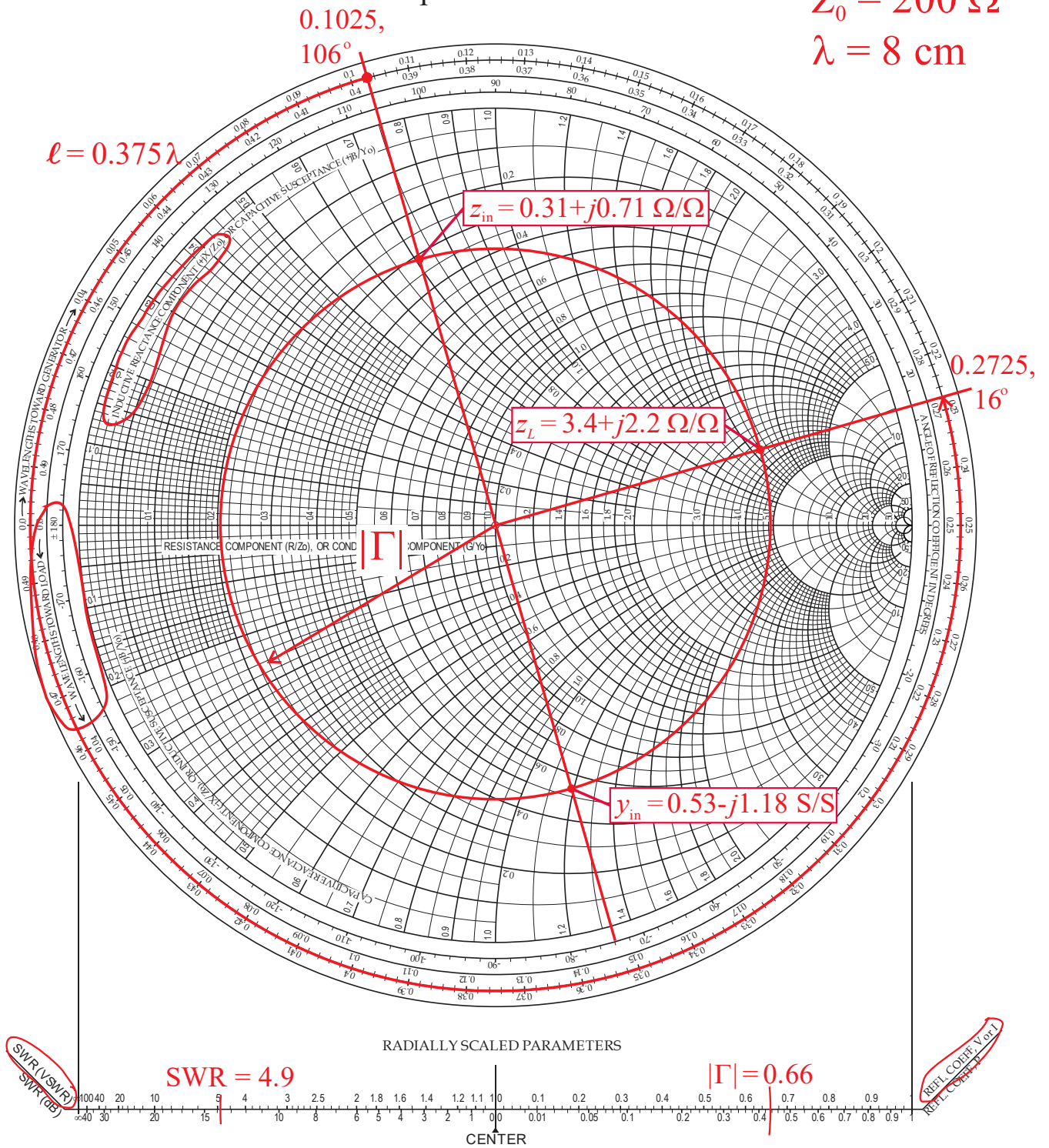
wavelength = $\lambda = 0.08\ \text{m} = 8\ \text{cm}$

$Y_{\text{in}} = \underline{2.65 - j 5.9\ \text{mS}}$ $Z_{\text{in}} = \underline{62 + j 142\ \Omega}$

load refl. coeff. = $\Gamma_L = 0.66\angle 16^\circ$ $Z_L = \underline{680 + j 440\ \Omega}$ SWR = 4.9

Simple Smith Chart

$Z_0 = 200 \Omega$
 $\lambda = 8 \text{ cm}$

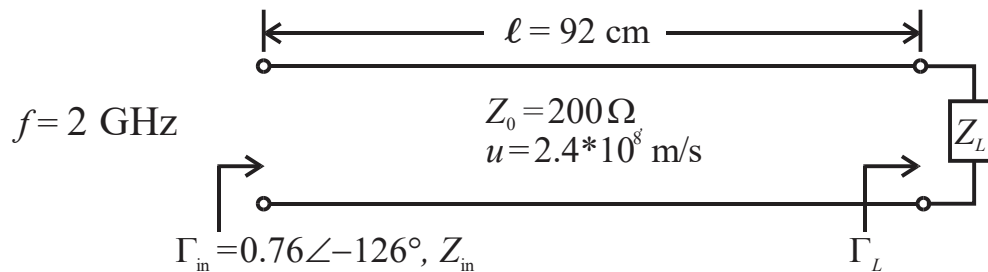


EE 381 Electric and Magnetic Fields Quiz #3 (Fall 2024)

Name KEY B

Instructions: Closed book & notes. Place answers in indicated spaces and show all work for credit.

A lossless transmission line (200Ω , 2.4×10^8 m/s) of length 92 cm has a measured input reflection coefficient of $0.76 \angle -126^\circ$ at 2 GHz. Calculate the wavelength. Then, using a Smith chart, find the input admittance & impedance, load reflection coefficient, load impedance, and standing wave ratio (SWR) along the transmission line. **Show and clearly label** all work on the Smith chart (this will be graded).



➤ Wavelength $\lambda = u/f = 2.4 \times 10^8 / 2 \times 10^9 \Rightarrow \lambda = 0.12 \text{ m} = 12 \text{ cm}$.

Steps

- 1) Plot $\Gamma_{in} = 0.76 \angle -126^\circ$ by drawing circle, centered on Smith chart, of radius 0.76 (use “REFL. COEFF, V or I” scale at bottom of Smith chart) and radial line from center of Smith chart to -126° on “ANGLE OF REFLECTION COEFFICIENT” scale.
- 2) Read normalized input impedance $z_{in} = 0.17 - j 0.5 \Omega/\Omega$. Compute the input impedance $Z_{in} = Z_0 z_{in} = 200 (0.17 - j 0.5) \Rightarrow Z_{in} = 34 - j 100 \Omega$.
- 3) Draw arc of radius 0.76 on “SWR (VSWR)” scale. Read SWR = 7.3.
- 4) To find the normalized input admittance, go 180° around $\Gamma = 0.76$ circle and draw a radial line. Read $y_{in} = 0.62 + j 1.8 \text{ S/S}$ off Smith chart. Compute the input admittance $Y_{in} = y_{in}/Z_0 = (0.62 + j 1.8)/200 \Rightarrow Y_{in} = 3.1 + j 9 \text{ mS}$.
- 5) To get to the load point, we must go $\ell/\lambda = 92/12 = 7.6667 \Rightarrow 0.16667$ in the “WAVELENGTHS TOWARD LOAD” direction ($0.075 + 0.1666 = 0.2417$) along the $\Gamma = 0.66$ circle from z_{in}/Γ_{in} point.
- 6) Read the normalized load impedance $z_L = 6.4 - j 2.4 \Omega/\Omega$. Compute the load impedance $Z_L = Z_0 z_L = 200 (6.4 - j 2.4) \Rightarrow Z_L = 1280 - j 480 \Omega$.
- 7) Read $\angle \Gamma_L = -6^\circ$ on “ANGLE OF REFLECTION COEFFICIENT” scale. Already know that $\Gamma = 0.76$ on a lossless transmission line $\Rightarrow \Gamma_L = 0.76 \angle -6^\circ$.

wavelength = $\lambda = 0.12 \text{ m} = 12 \text{ cm}$

$Y_{in} = \underline{3.1 + j 9 \text{ mS}}$ $Z_{in} = \underline{34 - j 100 \Omega}$

load refl. coeff. = $\Gamma_L = 0.76 \angle -6^\circ$ $Z_L = \underline{1280 - j 480 \Omega}$ SWR = 7.3

Simple Smith Chart

$Z_0 = 200 \Omega$
 $\lambda = 12 \text{ cm}$

