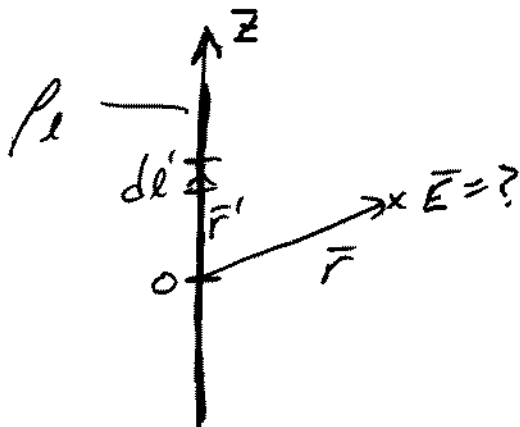


Example- Find the electric field due to a uniform line charge ρ_L of infinite length situated on the z-axis in free space.

$$\text{Use } \vec{E} = \int_L \frac{\rho_L (\vec{r} - \vec{r}') dl'}{4\pi\epsilon_0 |\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3}$$



$$dl' = dz'$$

$$\vec{r} = \rho \hat{a}_\rho + z \hat{a}_z$$

$$\vec{r}' = \rho' \hat{a}_{\rho'} + z' \hat{a}_z$$

$$\vec{r} - \vec{r}' = \rho \hat{a}_\rho + (z - z') \hat{a}_z$$

$$\vec{E} = \int_{z'=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\rho_L}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{(\rho \hat{a}_\rho + (z - z') \hat{a}_z) dz'}{[\rho^2 + (z - z')^2]^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{\rho_L}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{z'=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\rho \hat{a}_\rho + (z - z') \hat{a}_z dz'}{[\rho^2 + (z - z')^2]^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{\rho_L}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{(z' - z) \rho \hat{a}_\rho}{[\rho^2] \sqrt{\rho^2 + (z - z')^2}} \Big|_{z'=-\infty}^{\infty} + \frac{\hat{a}_z}{\sqrt{\rho^2 + (z - z')^2}} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} \right)$$

$\rightarrow \frac{z \hat{a}_\rho}{\rho}$ $\rightarrow 0$

$$\vec{E} = \hat{a}_\rho \frac{\rho_L}{2\pi\epsilon_0 \rho}$$