

- 12.4** An npn silicon bipolar transistor has the following base parameters: $D_n = 22 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$, $x_B = 0.80 \mu\text{m}$, and $n_{B0} = 2 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^{-3}$. (a) The collector current is to be $|i_C| = 2 \text{ mA}$ when biased at $v_{BE} = 0.60 \text{ V}$. What is the required cross-sectional area A_{BE} ?
 (b) Using the results of part (a), what is the value of v_{BE} such that $|i_C| = 5 \text{ mA}$?

a) Per (12.37), $J_{nc} = \frac{e^{V_B n_{B0}}}{L_B} \left\{ \frac{e^{V_{BE}/V_t} - 1}{\sinh(x_B/L_B)} + \frac{1}{\tanh(x_B/L_B)} \right\}$

@ 300K, $V_t = 0.025852 \text{ V}$. $\Rightarrow e^{V_{BE}/V_t} \gg 1$

Assuming $x_B \ll L_B$, $\sinh(x_B/L_B) \approx \frac{x_B}{L_B}$

and $\tanh(x_B/L_B) \approx \frac{x_B}{L_B}$.

Therefore, $J_{nc} = \frac{e^{V_B n_{B0}}}{x_B} e^{V_{BE}/V_t}$

and $I_c = J_{nc} A_{BE} = \frac{e^{V_B n_{B0}}}{x_B} e^{V_{BE}/V_t} A_{BE}$

$$0.002 = \frac{1.602176634 \times 10^{-19} (22) 10^{-4} (2 \times 10^{-10})}{0.8 \times 10^{-6}} e^{0.6/0.025852} A_{BE}$$

↳

$$\underline{\underline{A_{BE} = 1.8897 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2 = 1.8897 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2}}$$

b) $0.005 = 1.665228 \times 10^{-13} e^{V_{BE}/0.025852}$

↳ $V_{BE} = 0.025852 \ln \left(\frac{0.005}{1.665228 \times 10^{-13}} \right)$

$V_{BE} = 0.6237 \text{ V}$