For the four orthorhombic Bravais lattices: a) simple, b) body-centered, c) face-centered, and d) side-/endcentered, compute how many atoms are contained within each of the unit cells and the volume density when a = 4.6 Å, b = 5.6 Å, and c = 6.8 Å. Treat each atom as a sphere and count only that portion of the sphere that actually resides within the cube.



a) Simple orthorhombic # atoms/unit cell = 8 corners $\left(\frac{V_{0} atom}{corner}\right) = \frac{Iatom}{atom}$ atomic vol. density = $\frac{Iatom}{abc} = \frac{I}{(4.6 \times 10^{-10})(5.6 \times 10^{-10})(6.8 \times 10^{-10})}$ $N_p = 5.7088 \times 10^{27} \frac{atoms}{m^3} = 5.7088 \times 10^{21} \frac{atoms}{cm^3}$

atoms/unit cell = 8 corners
$$\left(\frac{V_{B} atom}{corner}\right) + 1 atom inside= 2 atoms$$

atomic vol. density =
$$\frac{2 a toms}{a b c}$$
 = $2(5.7088 \times 10^{27})$
 $N_I = 1.1418 \times 10^{28} \frac{a toms}{m^3} = 1.1418 \times 10^{22} \frac{a toms}{cm^3}$

C) Face-centered orthorhombic # atoms/unit cell = 8 corners (Vo atom) + 6 faces (Katom) = 4 atoms atomic voli density = 4 atoms = 4 (5.7088 × 1027) NF = 2.2835 × 10 atoms = 2.2835 × 10²² atoms cm3

d) End-centered orthorhombic # atoms/unit cell = 8 corners (Ve atom) + 2 faces (Katom) face) = 2 atoms atomic vol. density = 2 atoms = NI $N_{c} = N_{I} = 1.1413 \times 10^{28} \frac{utoms}{m^{3}} = 1.1418 \times 10^{22} \frac{utoms}{m^{3}}$