

Example- Let's examine a pn junction in germanium at 300 K where $N_a = 6 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ (p-region) and $N_d = 3 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ (n-region) with $V_a = 0.07 \text{ V}$. Assume the carrier lifetimes are $\tau_{p0} = 2 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ s}$ and $\tau_{n0} = 8 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ s}$.

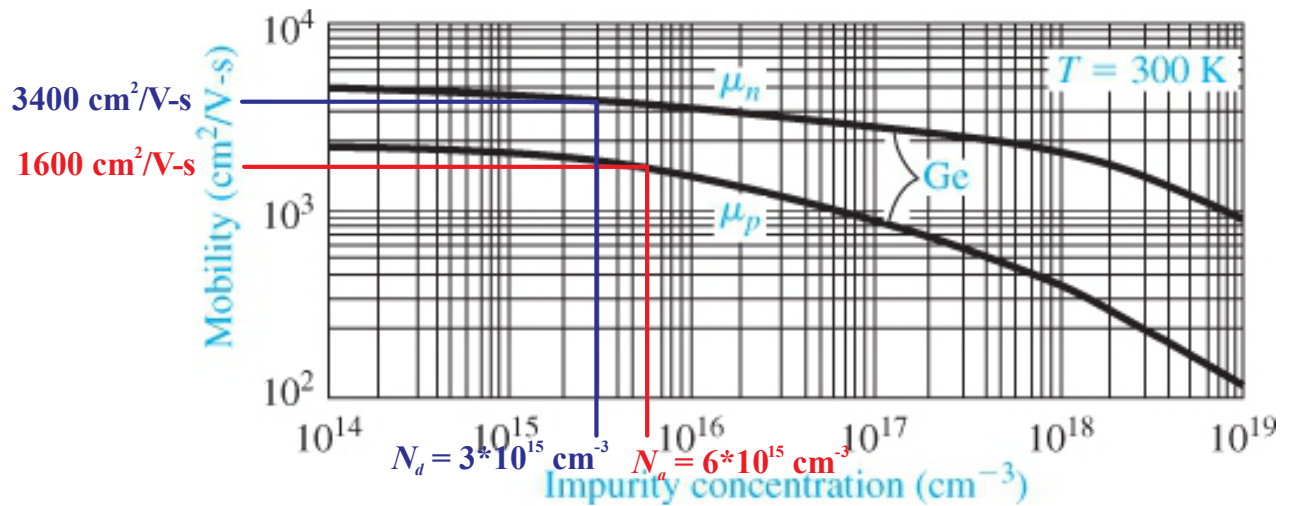
$$\begin{aligned} k_B \cdot eV &:= 8.617333 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K} & \epsilon_0 &:= 8.8541878 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ F/m} \\ k_B &:= 1.380649 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} & q_e &:= 1.602176634 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C} \end{aligned}$$

Given

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\text{amb}} &:= 300 \text{ K} & N_a &:= 6 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ m}^{-3} & N_d &:= 3 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ m}^{-3} & V_a &:= 0.07 \text{ V} \\ \tau_{p0} &:= 2 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ s} & \tau_{n0} &:= 8 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

Table B.4 $\epsilon_r \text{ Ge} := 16$ $n_i \text{ Ge} := 2.4 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$

Figure 5.3



$$\mu_p := 1600 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V-s} \quad \mu_n := 3400 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V-s}$$

$$(5.47) \text{ Einstein relation} \quad D_p := \mu_p \cdot \frac{k_B \cdot T}{q_e} \quad D_p = 41.363 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

$$D_n := \mu_n \cdot \frac{k_B \cdot T}{q_e} \quad D_n = 87.897 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

$$(7.10) \quad V_t := \frac{k_B \cdot T}{q_e} \quad \boxed{V_t = 0.025852} \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{bi} := V_t \cdot \ln\left(\frac{N_a \cdot N_d}{n_{i_Ge}^2}\right) \quad \boxed{V_{bi} = 0.267562} \quad \text{V}$$

Use $V_{bi} - V_a$ in (7.28), (7.29), & (7.31)

$$(7.28) \quad x_n := \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \epsilon_r \cdot \epsilon_0 \cdot (V_{bi} - V_a)}{q_e} \cdot \left(\frac{N_a}{N_d}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{N_a + N_d}} \quad \boxed{x_n = 2.78638 \times 10^{-7}} \quad \text{m}$$

$$(7.29) \quad x_p := \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \epsilon_r \cdot \epsilon_0 \cdot (V_{bi} - V_a)}{q_e} \cdot \left(\frac{N_d}{N_a}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{N_a + N_d}} \quad \boxed{x_p = 1.39319 \times 10^{-7}} \quad \text{m}$$

$$(7.31) \quad \underline{W} := \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \epsilon_r \cdot \epsilon_0 \cdot (V_{bi} - V_a)}{q_e} \cdot \left(\frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a \cdot N_d}\right)} \quad \boxed{W = 4.17957 \times 10^{-7}} \quad \text{m}$$

Calculate diffusion lengths in meters

$$L_n := \frac{\sqrt{D_n \cdot \tau_{n0}}}{100} \quad \boxed{L_n = 2.651744 \times 10^{-5}} \quad \text{m}$$

$$L_p := \frac{\sqrt{D_p \cdot \tau_{p0}}}{100} \quad \boxed{L_p = 9.095405 \times 10^{-6}} \quad \text{m}$$

p region

$$pp0 := N_a \quad pp0 = 6 \times 10^{21} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{majority}$$

$$np0 := \frac{n_{i_Ge}^2}{pp0} \quad \boxed{np0 = 9.6 \times 10^{16}} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{minority}$$

$$(8.6) \quad np_xp := np0 \cdot e^{\frac{V_a}{V_t}} \quad \boxed{np_xp = 1.44 \times 10^{18}} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{minority}$$

n region

$$nn0 := N_d \quad nn0 = 3 \times 10^{21} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{majority}$$

$$pn0 := \frac{n_{i_Ge}^2}{nn0} \quad \boxed{pn0 = 1.92 \times 10^{17}} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{minority}$$

$$(8.7) \quad pn_xn := pn0 \cdot e^{\frac{V_a}{V_t}} \quad \boxed{pn_xn = 2.879 \times 10^{18}} \quad \text{m}^{-3} \quad \text{minority}$$

Now, plot charge carrier concentrations

$$n := 0..99 \quad x_{nreg_n} := x_n + L_n \cdot \frac{n}{100} \quad x_{preg_n} := -x_p - L_n \cdot \frac{n}{100}$$

$$\delta p_n := p_{n0} \cdot \left(e^{\frac{V_a}{V_t}} - 1 \right) \cdot e^{-\frac{(x_n - x_{nreg_n})}{L_p}} \quad p_n := \delta p_n + p_{n0}$$

$$\delta n_p := n_{p0} \cdot \left(e^{\frac{V_a}{V_t}} - 1 \right) \cdot e^{-\frac{(x_p + x_{preg_n})}{L_p}} \quad n_p := \delta n_p + n_{p0}$$

