

## EE 330 Energy Systems (Spring 2012)

### Homework 4

Wednesday, February 29, 2012

- 1) 2-10 Tabulate answers (e.g., column 1 give connection, column 2 high side phase voltage, column 3 low side phase voltage, ...). Hint: the given voltages are the line-to-line values coming in/out of the 3-phase transformer.
- 2) 2-11
- 3) 2-13ab Should say “Y- $\Delta$  connected”. Hint: The measured current & voltage are line values measured on the 3 $\phi$  transformer. The measured power is for the entire 3 $\phi$  transformer.
- 4) 2-19 To ensure that everyone gets consistent results, use the circuit drawing of Fig. 2-41 with terminal  $c$  omitted on the primary side and the secondary side rotated by 90° clockwise (open side up) and connected to an equivalent balanced  $\Delta$ -load (i.e., find the equivalent impedance  $\bar{Z}_\Delta$  that will draw the correct overall load). This will make the output lines go in order  $a'$ ,  $c'$ ,  $b'$  from top to bottom. Further, assume that the primary phase voltage for transformer 1 is at 0 degrees (e.g.,  $\bar{V}_{an} = V_\phi \angle 0^\circ$ ) and that the primary phase voltage for transformer 2 is at -120° (e.g.,  $\bar{V}_{bn} = V_\phi \angle -120^\circ$ ). For the primary side, calculate the voltages  $\bar{V}_{an}$ ,  $\bar{V}_{bn}$ , and  $\bar{V}_{ab}$  and currents  $\bar{I}_a$ ,  $\bar{I}_b$ , and  $\bar{I}_n$  (assume currents entering terminals). For the secondary side, calculate the voltages  $\bar{V}_{a'b'}$ ,  $\bar{V}_{b'c'}$ , and  $\bar{V}_{c'a'}$  and currents  $\bar{I}_{a'}$ ,  $\bar{I}_{b'}$ , and  $\bar{I}_{c'}$  (assume secondary currents leaving terminals). For the powers, calculate the powers supplied by each **transformer**  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$ ,  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$ ,  $S_1$ , &  $S_2$  as well as the overall supplied powers  $P_{tot}$ ,  $Q_{tot}$ , and  $S_{tot}$ .
- 5) 2.21 To get consistent results, assume that the primary phase voltages are  $\bar{V}_{an} = V_{\phi P} \angle 0^\circ$ ,  $\bar{V}_{bn} = V_{\phi P} \angle -120^\circ$ , and  $\bar{V}_{cn} = V_{\phi P} \angle 120^\circ$ . As part of demonstrating the 30° lag, find the corresponding line-to-line secondary voltages  $\bar{V}_{a'b'}$ ,  $\bar{V}_{b'c'}$ , and  $\bar{V}_{c'a'}$  in terms of  $V_{\phi P}$  and turns ratio  $a$  of the individual transformers and compare them to the primary line-to-line voltages  $\bar{V}_{ab}$ ,  $\bar{V}_{bc}$ , and  $\bar{V}_{ca}$ .

Due Wednesday, March 14, 2012.