

- 4.4. Compute the DTFT of the following discrete-time signals; plot the amplitude and the phase spectrum for each signal:

(b) $x[n] = (0.5)^n \cos 4n u[n]$

From Table 4.1, use the DTFT pair

$$a^n u[n] \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{1 - ae^{-jn\omega}} \quad |a| < 1$$

and, from Table 4.2, use the DTFT property, multiply by $\cos \omega_0 n$

$$X[n] \cos(\omega_0 n) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} [X(n+\omega_0) + X(n-\omega_0)]$$

where $a = 0.5$ and $\omega_0 = 4$ rad

$$X(n) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 - 0.5e^{-jn\omega}} \Big|_{\omega=\omega+4} + \frac{1}{1 - 0.5e^{-jn\omega}} \Big|_{\omega=\omega-4} \right]$$

$$X(n) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 - 0.5e^{-j(n+4)}} + \frac{1}{1 - 0.5e^{-j(n-4)}} \right]$$

or

$$X(n) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{e^{j(n+4)}}{e^{j(n+4)} - 0.5} + \frac{e^{j(n-4)}}{e^{j(n-4)} - 0.5} \right]$$

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% Chapter 4 problem 4.4b (chap4_4_04b.m)
% Plot DTFT of x[n] = (0.5)^n*cos(4n)*u[n]
%
clear; clc; close all;
Omega = -pi:pi/50:pi; % Define frequency vector
X1 = 0.5./(1 - 0.5*exp(-j*(Omega + 4)));
X2 = 0.5./(1 - 0.5*exp(-j*(Omega - 4)));
X = X1 + X2;
Xmag = abs(X); Xang = angle(X); % spectrum
% Plot amplitude and phase spectrum
plot(Omega,Xmag,'r-',[0 0],[0 1.5],'k-'), axis([-pi pi 0 1.5]),
xlabel('\Omega (rad)', 'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
ylabel('|X(\Omega)|', 'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
title('DTFT spectrum for x[n] = (0.5)^{n }cos(4n)u[n]',...
'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
figure,
plot(Omega,Xang,'r-',[-pi pi],[0 0], 'k-',[0 0],[-30 30], 'k-'),
axis([-pi pi -0.5 0.5]),
xlabel('\Omega (rad)', 'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
ylabel('\angle X(\Omega) (rad)', 'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
title('DTFT spectrum for x[n] = (0.5)^{n }cos(4n)u[n]',...
'fontsize',16, 'fontname','times'),
set(findobj('type','line'), 'linewidth',2)
set(findobj('type','axes'), 'linewidth',2)
set(findobj('text','line'), 'fontname','times')
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