CENG 244 Introduction to Digital Systems

Exam 1 Topics & Notes

Topics and potential questions that you can expect on Exam #1 include:

Chapter 1

- 1) Positional number systems- how to convert numbers (both integer and fractional) from one system to another (e.g., binary, octal, decimal, duodecimal, & hexadecimal).
- 2) Expressing binary integers in octal & hexadecimal.
- 3) Binary arithmetic
- 4) Diminished radix complement (e.g., 9s complement, 1s complement)
- 5) Radix complement (e.g., 10s complement, 2s complement).
- 6) Subtraction with complements
- 7) Signed binary numbers- signed-magnitude, signed 1s-complement, and signed 2s-complement representations
- 8) Binary addition and subtraction using signed 2s-complement representation.
- 9) Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) and BCD addition.

Chapter 2

- 1) Truth Tables for Boolean functions
- 2) Simplification of Boolean expressions using Boolean algebra postulates and theorems. Operator precedence for Boolean algebra.
- 3) Find complement of a Boolean function.
- 4) Derive canonical Sum-of-Minterms or Product-of-Maxterms expressions for a Boolean function from a Truth Table or by using Boolean algebra. Be able to put in shorthand forms.
- 5) Put Boolean functions in standard Sum-of-Products or Product-of-Sums forms using Boolean algebra.
- 6) Understand fundamental Boolean operations (NOT, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR, and XNOR).
- 7) Wiring and functionality of logic circuits, e.g., draw logic circuit/wiring diagram to implement given Boolean function or get Boolean function from given logic circuit/wiring diagram/wiring (similar to work in labs 1-3). Any required IC schematics will be given.

Notes:

- (1) The use of calculators and electronic devices of any kind will not be permitted on the exam.
- (2) The exam is closed book and closed notes.
- (3) However, you may print out and use the following page. You may put equations/notes <u>inside</u> the lower box. Rule- no worked problems or examples.

Table 2.1	
Postulates and	Theorems of Boolean Algebra

Postulate 2	(a)	x + 0 = x	(b)	$x \cdot 1 = x$

Postulate 5 (a)
$$x + x' = 1$$
 (b) $x \cdot x' = 0$

Theorem 1 (a)
$$x + x = x$$
 (b) $x \cdot x = x$

Theorem 2 (a)
$$x + 1 = 1$$
 (b) $x \cdot 0 = 0$

Theorem 3, involution
$$(x')' = x$$

Postulate 3, commutative (a)
$$x + y = y + x$$
 (b) $xy = yx$

Theorem 4, associative (a)
$$x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z$$
 (b) $x(yz) = (xy)z$

Postulate 4, distributive (a)
$$x(y+z) = xy + xz$$
 (b) $x + yz = (x+y)(x+z)$

Theorem 5, DeMorgan (a)
$$(x + y)' = x'y'$$
 (b) $(xy)' = x' + y'$

Theorem 6, absorption (a)
$$x + xy = x$$
 (b) $x(x + y) = x$

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Equations/Notes: